

Net-neutrality trends ...

Is a network operator allowed to treat different services/ service providers differently?

- No blocking, throttling or paid prioritisation
- Congestion management: exceptional and temporary situations
- Zero-rating: under discussion – national legislations show differences

EU



- Policies on net-neutrality first introduced in 2005
- Court cases ⇒ Open Internet Order in 2015
- Order abolished in 2017
- Net-neutrality enforced by some states
- Return at federal level still possible

US



- Many users have a limited data bundle (also for fixed)
- In 2019 Australia [had the most expensive access to broadband](#) among the 36 OECD countries
- Proposal in 2019 of the Broadband Network to introduce a “Netflix tax” cause hefty debate. Proposal was withdrawn.

Australia



- No clear legislation
- Charging different tariffs to customers is allowed if not anti-competitive
- Simple blocking not allowed
- Ambiguous regulation on blocking inappropriate or harmful content

Malaysia

