

Information Memorandum

Licensing of Spectrum for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz



Office of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission (Office of the NBTC) The English version of this Information Memorandum is prepared for the sole purpose of providing foreign participants with a greater understanding of the telecommunication rules and regulations in Thailand and shall not under any circumstances be construed or interpreted as being a substitute for or supplementary to the Thai version thereof.

Legal Note

This Information Memorandum (the "Memorandum") has been prepared on behalf of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission of Thailand (NBTC) in respect of criteria and procedures for the licensing of spectrum for Telecommunications Service in the frequency band of 1800 MHz. Licensing is to take place by way of an Auction in accordance with the powers conferred by Section 27 (1), (2), (4), (6), (8), (11), (13) and (24), Section 29, Section 40, Section 45 and Section 81 of the Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010), in conjunction with Section 7, Section 8, Section 9, Section 10, Section 24, Section 64, Section 65 and Section 66 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001) and its amendments.

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Section 1 Introduction

The National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission (NBTC) is responsible for managing the spectrum for telecommunications service and regulating the telecommunications business in Thailand. The Master Plan for Telecommunications Services B.E. 2555-2559 (2012–2016) outlines a vision to "develop the telecommunications business, minimize the gap in access to information technology, enhance the country's competitiveness and upgrade Thai people's quality of life." In implementing the Master Plan, the NBTC has devised the regime for spectrum licensing, telecommunications service licensing and the regulation of telecommunications businesses in Thailand.

The NBTC has established a policy on spectrum management and use of spectrum which are national communications resources, considering the utmost public benefits at national and local levels in education, culture, State security and other public interests including fair and free competition, as well as the procedures that will ensure thorough and appropriate distribution of benefits to various services and in line with State policy for the development of digital economy. The NBTC also considers that the mobile telecommunications service is a key factor of industrial, economic and social development which will elevate Thailand's telecommunication development in line with the global evolution and will promote the public right to communicate and the advancement in receiving information, as well as in compliance with the fundamental telecommunications business policy of the country

The NBTC intends to grant 1800 MHz spectrum licenses by way of auction according to the licensing criteria and procedures prescribed in the NBTC's Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz. Where the details contained in this Memorandum are contradictory to or inconsistent with the provisions of the NBTC's Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz. Where the details contained in this Memorandum are contradictory to or inconsistent with the provisions of the NBTC's Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz, the said NBTC's Notification or any other regulations of the NBTC shall apply.

This Memorandum contains important information that potential bidders should study and understand, encompassing:

- Overview of the policy objectives for spectrum auction;
- Overview of the Thai macro economy;
- Overview of the Thai telecommunications industry;
- Overview of the Thai wireless communications market;
- Overview of mobile phone communications services;
- Policy background and regulatory issues for mobile telecommunictions service;
- Overview of the 1800 MHz Spectrum Licenseing;
- Description of the application process and participation in the Auction;
- Overview and description of the auction.

1.1 Policy Objectives of the Spectrum Auction

The NBTC has duties, by law, in spectrum management. The objectives of spectrum assignment must be conformed with policy objectives stipulated in relevant laws, particularly the Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services, B.E. 2553 (2010), the Master Plan on Spectrum Management, B.E. 2555 (2012) as well as international theories and principles.

The Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services, B.E. 2553 (2010), Section 41, Paragraph Four and Section 45 Paragraph One prescribe that the permission to use radio frequency for telecommunications service shall be carried out with due regard to maximum public interests at the national, regional and local levels in education, culture, State security and other public interests, including free and fair competition, and shall be carried out in the manner that extensively and appropriately distributing the utilities as the national communications resource to all segments of enterprises for public interest.

Therefore, it is very clear that the policy objectives of spetrum assignment are based on the principle of public interest together with free and fair competition. The NBTC thus set policy objectives for the spectrum auction for telecommunications service in Thailand with the priority as follows:

1) Efficiency of spectrum assignment thereby creating the utmost benefits to the public;

2) Promoting competition in the market with the aim to improve quality of service and reduce costs of services thereby benefiting people at large;

3) Transparency in the spectrum auction which include the auction design and the auction implementation thereby creating common understanding among all stakeholders and the mutual acceptance of the auction results;

4) Development of telecommunications industry in Thailand including the development of infrastructure and services thereby improving capability in supporting the increasing demands in the future;

5) Revenue to State, the revenue arising from the auction should be appropriated for the State benefit.

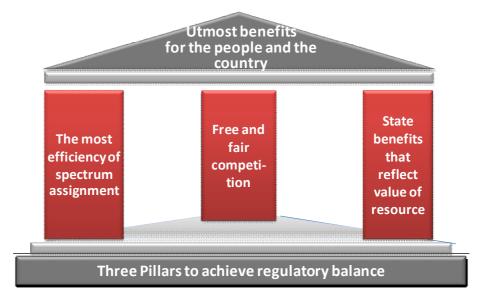
In granting the spectrum license for telecommunications service, the NBTC strives to achieve the regulatory balance composing of three equally important principles in order to bring about the greatest benefits to the people and the country. These principles are:

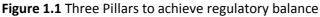
1) The most efficiency of spectrum assignment. Since the spectrum is a national communications resource, the assignment process must ensure that the spectrum will be assigned to the person who can best utilize it, whereby the most efficient spectrum assignment method is the auction. Furthermore, the spectrum assignment must also be able to catch up with the usage demand from both operators and end users;

2) Free and fair competition. The regulation must help creating the regulatory environment that is conducive for market entry and have appropriate competition measures in place

to prevent the abuse of market power. The regulation must also be proportionate and not place undue burden to the licensee;

3) State benefits that reflect the value of the resource. The State benefits come in the form of revenues from the spectrum auction and business operation taxes, as well as the socioeconomic benefits and the development brought about by the spectrum utilization.





1.2 Spectrum to be auctioned

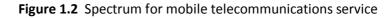
The mission set forth in the Master Plan on Spectrum Management, B.E. 2555 (2012) is to assign spectrum and to regulate the spectrum utilization efficiently by having due regard to the public interest, the necessity of business operation, the spectrum utilization and the advancement of technologies. In doing so, there must be certain rules with clarity and justification as well as the transparent and fair process. Article 8.2.1 of the Master Plan prescribes a strategy regarding spectrum refarming for reassignment or for utilization improvement that "For the government sectors, state-enterprises and other government agencies who allowing other operators to use their spectrum by granting permission, concession or contract which its legality was already examined by the NBTC, after the end of their permission, concession or contract such spectrum shall be returned to the NBTC."

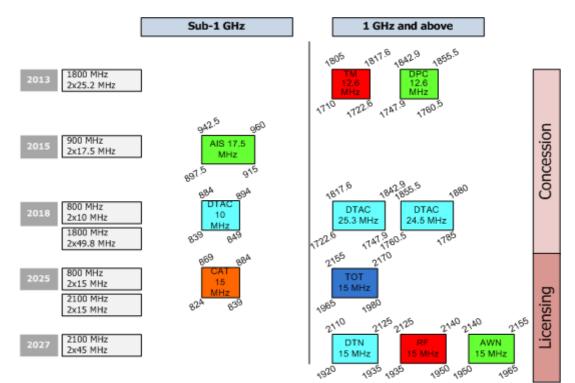
The spectrum being used for mobile phone businesses in Thailand are granted permission under the regime of concession from the TOT Public Company Limited (TOT PLC.) and CAT Telecom Public Company Limited (CAT PLC.) and under the licensing regime of the NBTC. The end of concession periods of government agencies and the end of permission of the NBTC can be summarized in year-ordering as follows:



No	Licensee	e Concessionaire	Frequency (MHz)	Contract End
1	CAT PLC.	True Move Co., Ltd.	1710.0 – 1722.6 /	15 September 2013
			1805.0 - 1817.6	
2	CAT PLC.	Digital Phone Co., Ltd.	1747.9 – 1760.5 /	15 September 2013
			1842.9 – 1855.5	
	2)	Other spectrums		
No	Licensee	Concessionaire	Frequency (MHz)	Contract End
1	TOT PLC.	Advanced Info Service PLC.	897.5 - 915.0 /	30 September 2015
			942.5 - 960.0	
2	CAT PLC.	Total Access	839.0 - 849.0 /	15 September 2018
		Communications PLC.	884.0 - 894.0	
3	CAT PLC.	Total Access	1722.6 – 1747.9 /	15 September 2018
		Communications PLC.	1817.6 - 1842.9	
			1760.5 – 1785.0 /	
			1855.5 - 1880.0	

1) 1800 MHz spectrum which the concession was ended in year 2013







2.1 Thai Economy

In 2014 the Thai economy grew by an estimated 0.9%, which was slower than 2013's 2.8% growth rate.¹ In the first half of 2014, there was little growth due to domestic factors, namely the political situation affecting government activities, househould and business confidence, as well as tourism. Furthermore, high levels of household debts combined with the slow recovery of the export sector aggravated the situation. The economy started to rebound gradually in the second half of the year, as government resumed normal operations and investments expanded. However, growth was still slow as exports were slow to recover, following the downturn in many trade partner economies such as China, Japan and the European countries. Additionally, tourism confidence and private investments had been stagnant as well.

ICT and telecommunications are generally seen as facilitators of growth, especially in terms of labor and multifactor productivity, increased competitiveness and cost reduction across the whole economy.² The development of ICT services has also had a dramatic effect on consumer behavior in Thailand, as well as delivering important social benefits. Table 2.1 below provides a summary of key economic data for Thailand for 2012 to 2014.

Indicator	2012	2013	2014
GDP current prices (THB billion)	12,355	12,910	13,149
GDP per capita (THB)	-	193,395	196,240
GDP growth (%)	6.5	2.8	0.9
Headline inflation (%)	3.02	2.18	1.89
Core inflation (%)	2.09	1.00	1.59
Unemployment rate (%)	0.7	0.7	0.8
Total government debt (% of GDP)	44.5	43.9	45.8
Current account balance (USD billion)	-1.5	-3.9	13.4
Budget cash balance (% of GDP)	-317.7	-239.0	-384.3
Treasury cash balance (% of GDP)	561.3	605.1	495.7
Exports (USD billion)	225.9	225.4	224.8
Imports (USD billion)	219.9	218.7	200.2
Net interational reserves (USD billion)	181.6	167.2	157.1

Table 2.1 Key economic indicators

Source: Bank of Thailand, Ministry of Finance, National Economic and Social Development Board

¹ Source: Bank of Thailand

²See for example Nicholas Bloom, et al., *The Distinct Effects of Information Technology and Communication Technology on Firm Organization*, Centre for Economic Performance, 2009, 2013; and Rakesh Basant, et al., *ICT Adoption and Productivity in Developing Countries: New Firm Level Evidence from Brazil and India*, IZA, September 2006.

2.2 Thai Telecommunications Market

2.2.1 Sector Development

Thailand is ranked favorably in terms of ICT development in comparison with its peers in the Asia and South-East Asia region. According to the ITU, in 2013 Thailand was ranked 81 out of total 166 with an ICT Development Index ('IDI') score of 4.76, placing it ahead of Vietnam, the Philippines, Indonesia, Sri Lanka, Cambodia, India, Laos, Bangladesh and Myanmar, but below Singapore, Brunei and Malaysia (see Table 2.2). The country had moved up almost 15 positions compared to the previous year's ranking.

Country	10	DI	Rank	
Country	2013	2012	2013	2012
Australia	8.18	7.92	12	11
Singapore	7.9	7.65	16	15
New Zealand	7.82	7.64	19	16
Brunei	5.43	5.06	66	58
Malaysia	5.2	5.04	71	59
Thailand	4.76	3.54	81	95
Vietnam	4.09	3.8	101	88
Philippines	4.02	3.34	103	98
Indonesia	3.83	3.43	106	97
Sri Lanka	3.36	3.06	116	107
Cambodia	2.61	2.3	127	120
India	2.53	2.21	129	121
Laos	2.35	2.1	134	123
Bangladesh	1.97	1.73	145	135
Myanmar	1.82	1.74	150	134
Average of Asia-Pacific countries	4.57			
Average of developing countries	3.90			
World average	4.88			

Table 2.2 ICT Developent Index for Selected Asian Markets

Source: Measuring the Information Society Report 2014; ITU

Thailand is similarly ranked according to the ITU's ICT price basket when compared to other Asian and South-East Asian countries (see Table 2.3). This is indicative of the success of Thailand's reform process over many years, including the facilitation of market entrants, the establishment of an effective spectrum management framework and a commitment to open and transparent processes.



Country	Rank in 2013 (2012)	IPB	Fixed telephone sub-basket % of GNI	Mobile cellular sub- basket % of GNI	Fixed broadband sub-basket % of GNI	GNI (USD) 2013 or latest year available
Singapore	2 (4)	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	54,040
Australia	14 (25)	0.6	0.6	0.3	1	65,520
Brunei	36 (27)	1	0.5	0.7	1.9	33,002
Sri Lanka	39 (44)	1	1.1	0.4	1.6	3,170
Malaysia	57 (53)	1.4	1	0.8	2.4	10,400
New Zealand	49 (62)	1.3	1.3	0.5	2.1	35,875
Thailand	81 (90)	2.5	1.4	1.2	5	5,370
India	84 (92)	2.6	1.9	2.2	3.7	1,570
Bangladesh	102 (101)	3.8	3.5	1.5	5.9	900
Indonesia	98 (103)	3.5	2.7	2.1	5.9	5,220
Vietnam	69 (112)	1.9	1.3	2.5	2	1,730
Philippines	117 (119)	6.1	6.1	3.7	8.6	3,270
Nepal	119 (123)	6.4	4.4	4.4	10.4	730
Cambodia	128 (130)	9.2	4.8	7.9	15	950

Table 2.3 ICT Price Baskets for Selected Asian Markets

Source: Measuring the Information Society Report 2014; ITU

2.2.2 Thailand's Telecommunications Licensing Framework

Mobile services in Thailand first started under the concession system in the early 1990s. The structure of the market was determined by the Build, Transfer and Operate (BTO) agreements negotiated between the private operators and the two state-owned enterprises CAT and TOT. Under the BTO regime, CAT and TOT would permit the private operators to build and operate a telecommunication network in order to provide services to the public, in exchange for concession payments to the state-owned enterprises. At the end of the concession period, ownership of the network would be transferred to CAT and TOT.

In 2005, the Office of the NTC was established as an independent regulator of the telecommunications sector, in an effort to liberalize the sector by introducing the licensing system. However, there was still no additional frequency allocation for mobile services then. Later on, the Act on Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010) was established, which stipulates that spectrum licenses must be issued via auctions only. The Office of the NBTC (formerly the Office of the NTC) held the country's first spectrum auction, for the 2.1 GHz spectrum, in 2012. Around the same time, the different BTO contracts between the private operators and state enterprises began to expire starting in 2013. By law these spectrum must be returned to the NBTC to be re-allocated through the auction process.



2.2.3 Key Market Trends

Mobile services are the dominant form of telecommunications in Thailand, with mobile subscriber numbers and penetration rates continuing to rise. Fixed telephone services, while still prevalent in metropolitan and urban areas, are in decline, indicating that many households are moving away from fixed services in favor of mobile, particularly in rural and regional areas.

Since 2008, the number of mobile subscribers in Thailand has grown from 61.8 million to 97.1 million at the end of 2014 (a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of approximately 7.8% per annum). Broadband services have experienced a similarly rapid rise. Broadband subscribers have increased from 2.4 million in 2008 to 5.7 million in 2014 (a CAGR of 15.3% per annum). On the other hand, fixed telephone subscriptions have fallen from 7.4 million in 2008 to 5.7 million in 2014 (a CAGR of -4.3% per annum) (see Figure 2.1).

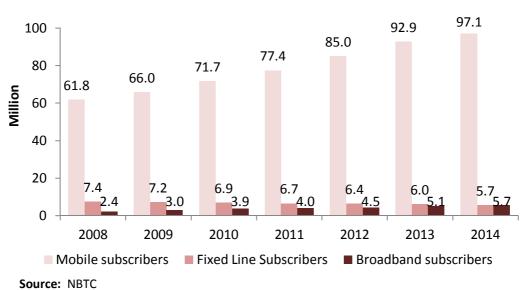
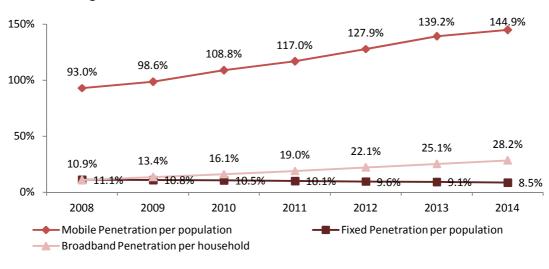
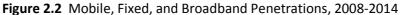


Figure 2.1 Mobile, Fixed, and Broadband Subscribers, 2008-2014

The dominance of mobile services is further evidenced by comparing penetration for mobile, fixed and broadband services as shown in Figure 2.2 below.







Source: NBTC

2.3 Mobile Market

2.3.1 Market Structure

The mobile market consists mainly of the three private operators, AIS, Dtac, True Mobile, and their subsidiaries, as well as the two state enterprises, CAT and TOT. The AIS group consists of Advanced Info Service (AIS), Digital Phone (DPC) and Advanced Wireless Network (AWN). The Dtac group consists of Dtac and Dtac Trinet (DTN). The True Mobile group consists of True Move, True Move H Universal Communication (TUC) and Real Move, which is an mobile virtual network operator (MVNO) utilizing CAT's network. Other than these, several MVNOs are also active in the market under arrangements with CAT and TOT.

2.3.2 Subscribers and Penetration Rates

The mobile market has been growing continuously over the years. As of Q1/2015, there are 93,299,705 mobile subscriptions. Of these, 85.8% or 80,091,132 million are prepaid subscriptions, and 14.2% or 13,208,573 million are postpaid subscriptions. The penetration rate of mobile services is 139% of population. (Note: Operators in the AIS group revised their definition of active subscribers, leading to a slight fall in the total number of subscriptions in Q1/2015.)



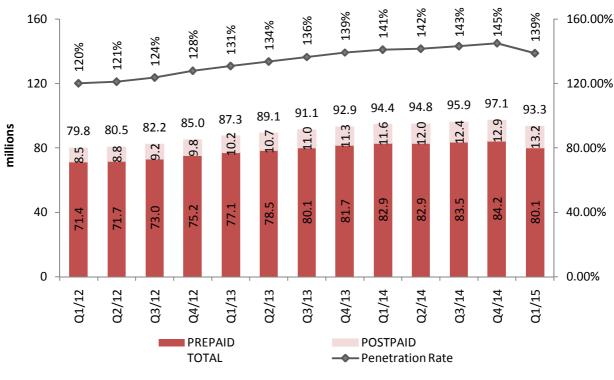


Figure 2.3 Mobile Subscriptions (million) and Penetration Rate (% of population)

Source: NBTC

2.3.3 Market Share and Market Competition

The mobile market is led by three main players which together have a combined market share of 98.4% based on subscribers. As of Q1/2015, the AIS group, which consists of AIS, DPC and AWN, is the clear market leader with a market share of 45.0%, followed by DTAC group, which consists of DTAC and DTN, with a share of 30.5%, and True Mobile Group (True, Real Move and True Move H), with a share of 23.1%. CAT and TOT have market shares of 0.9% and 0.7% respectively.

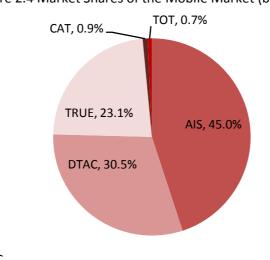


Figure 2.4 Market Shares of the Mobile Market (based on subscribers)

Source: NBTC



Based on the above numbers, the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI)34 of the mobile market as of Q1/2015 is 3,483 (see Figure 2.5).



Figure 2.5 HHI of Mobile Market

2.3.4 Revenue Breakdown

Revenues in the mobile market can be categorized as revenues from voice, non-voice and other services. In the last four years, the share of non-voice revenues has been growing continuously. As of Q1/2015, voice revenue makes up 44% of total revenue, followed by non-voice revenue with a share of 40%, and other services account for the last 15%.

³ The Herfindahl-Hirschman Index (HHI) is a useful indication of the degree of market concentration and is commonly used in economic and market analysis as well as competition and anti-trust issues, e.g. to analyse the impact of a merger or acquisition. The statistic is calculated as the sum of squared market shares for each firm in the market. If market shares are expressed as a percentage, this provides an index range of between 0 and 10,000, with 10,000 being a monopoly with 100% market share.

⁴ When calculating HHI values, market shares of operators in the same group are combined.

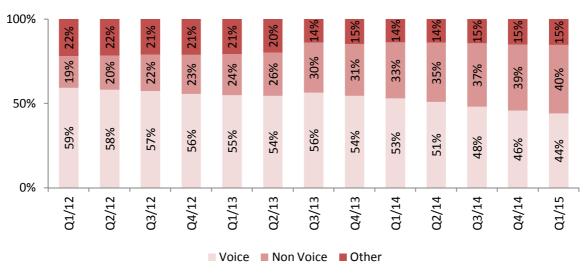
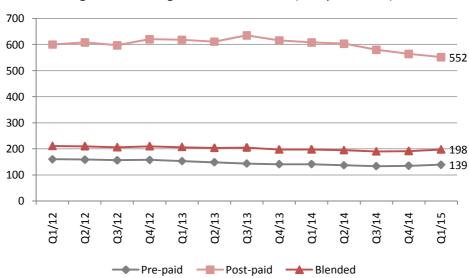


Figure 2.6 Revenue Breakdown of Mobile Services (% of total revenue)

Source: NBTC

2.3.5 Average Revenue Per User (ARPU)

Average Revenue Per User (ARPU)⁵ has a slight declining trend. As of Q1/2015, ARPU of the mobile market is 198 THB per month. ARPU of prepaid subscriptions is 139 THB per month and ARPU of postpaid subscriptions is 552 THB per month.





Source: NBTC

⁵ Excluding interconnection charges

2.3.6 Market Performance

The mobile market as a whole has seen strong growth in revenue since 2011, although margins have generally fallen in line with a downturn in economic activity. Expectations for sector growth are generally positive, underpinned by an improvement in the Thai economy and lower regulatory costs associated with the 3G licensing regime and the broader regulatory environment. Earnings momentum is expected to continue as operators continue to migrate customers from the concession networks to their own licensed networks, which leads to significant cost savings.

Results	AIS group		DTAC group		True Mobile group	
	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014
Total Revenue	142,783	148,729	94,617	90,415	96,214	74,158
Voice Revenue	71,941	65,382	41,743	35,215	21,700	19,104
Non-Voice Revenue	32,376	43,495	22,583	27,820	13,500	16,691
Other Revenue	N.A.	9,112	N.A.	5,241	29,664	2,611
Gross Profit	61,642	65,781	30,023	29,028	18,844	(1,740)
EBITDA	63,691	66,428	30,047	31,069	16,385	7,769
EBIT	46,765	46,920	16,011	14,612	(3,343)	(982)
Net Profit	36,274	36,033	10,567	10,724	(9,063)	(5,550)

Source: Operators' financial reports

However, competition is expected to remain strong due to factors such as latent demand in broadband services and recent cuts in termination rates. Furthermore, the expiries of concession contracts mean that operators will have to migrate customers to their new networks under the license system, so competition is expected to remain strong. Table 2.5 shows recent operational figures of the three main operators.

Items	AIS group	DTAC	True Mobile group
		group	
Total subscribers (million)	41.95	28.43	21.51
Postpaid subscribers (million)	5.06	4.00	4.01
Prepaid subscribers (million)	36 . 89 ⁶	24.42	17.50
Blended ARPU (baht)	222	215	143
Postpaid ARPU (baht)	592	582	503
Prepaid ARPU (baht)	175	159	70
Minutes of use (MOU) (monthly)	271	216	N.A.
Postpaid MOU (monthly)	355	349	N.A.
Prepaid MOU (monthly)	260	195	N.A.

Table 2.5	Selected	operational	figures,	Q1/2015
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Source: Operators' reports

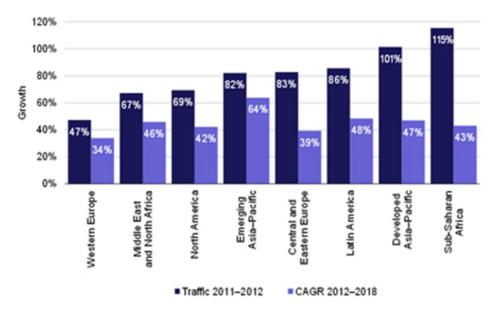
Note: N.A. = no data available

⁶ Definition of active subscribers was revised, taking out those who had been inactive for more than 90 days

2.3.7 Bandwidth Demands

According to Analysys Mason, in most developed economies, the volume of public Wi-Fi traffic has grown much faster than mobile data during the past two years. This has been driven mainly by fixed and cable operators rather than operator offload strategies, but small cells will have enabled operators to stabilise and begin to reverse the trend of handset offloading to Wi-Fi by the end of the 2018 forecast period indicated below in Figure 2.8.

Analysys Mason's analysis forecast suggests that public Wi-Fi will primarily carry mid- and large-screen traffic (and handsets' share of public Wi-Fi traffic will decline), and many fixed or cable provided public Wi-Fi services will evolve into hybrid MVNO, small-cell and Wi-Fi networks. Also, from observing Figure 2.8, it is interesting to note that the highest annual growth rate corresponds to the emerging APAC region, within which Thailand is expected to be impacted also in terms of increased traffic demand.





The above overall regional growth in data traffic represents a clear sign that spectrum holdings assigned for the mobile service in Thailand will experience a dramatic shift in terms of the efficiency demands (to be expected from a more intensive spectrum use for mobile broadband). Today's mobile broadband market in Thailand is beginning a transformation: moving from a vast 2G GSM based market towards 4G and beyond.

As of Q1/2015, according to NBTC's data, the number of 3G subscriptions stands at approximate 85.6 million or about 91.7% of the total mobile subscriptions. Such numbers indicate that there is plenty of room for operators to grow the 3G/4G and beyond markets in the coming years. Such growth requires planning and assigning the available spectrum holdings in the most efficient and future proof way possible.

Source: Analysys Mason

2.4 Fixed Telephone Market

2.4.1 Subscribers and Penetration Rates

The fixed telephone market has been declining over the recent years, primarily as a result of migration to mobile and VoIP services, as well as the rise of smartphones and 3G/4G services (See Figure 2.9). As of Q1/2015, there are 5,596,218 fixed telephone subscriptions, 2,954,622 of which are in the Bangkok metropolitan areas, and 2,641,596 are in provincial areas.

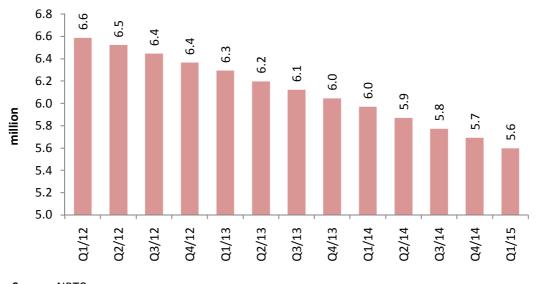
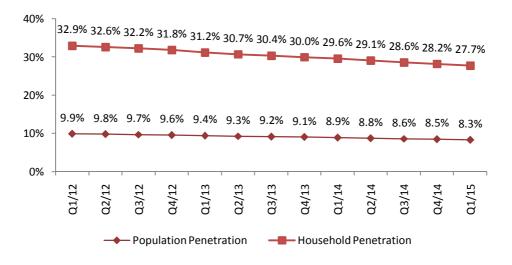


Figure 2.9 Fixed Telephone Subscribers (million)

Source: NBTC

The penetration rate of fixed telephone services is at 8.3% of total population, and 27.7% of the total number of households (See Figure 2.10)





Source: NBTC



2.4.2 Market Structure and Market Shares

The fixed telephone market consists of three main operators, TOT, True and TT&T. As of Q1/2015, TOT has the highest market share at 61.4%, followed by True (28.8%) and TT&T (9.8%).

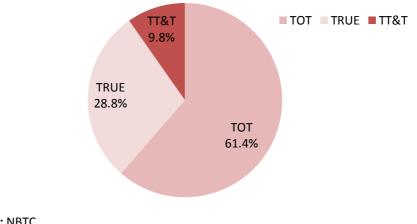


Figure 2.11 Market Shares of Fixed Telephone Market, Q1/2015

Source: NBTC

2.4.3 Market Competition

Based on the above market shares, the HHI of the fixed telephone market as of Q1/2015 is 4,699 and has a continuing upward trend. Part of this increase in HHI values is due to the fall in the number of fixed telephone subscriptions as they are replaced by mobile services.

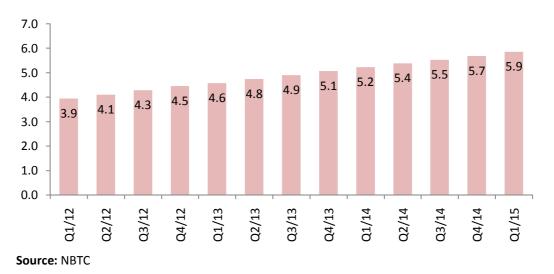


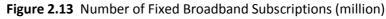
Figure 2.12 HHI of Fixed Telephone Market

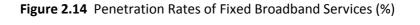
2.5 Fixed Broadband Market

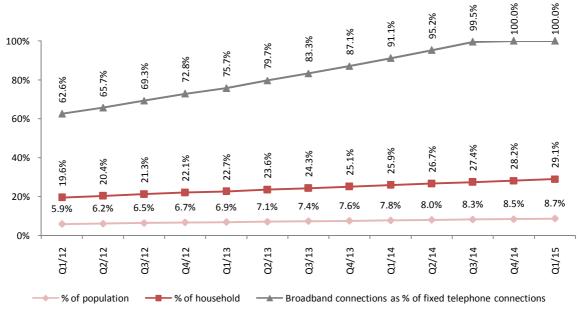
2.5.1 Subscribers and Penetration Rates

The fixed broadband market has been growing continuously in the past few years, with CAGR of 10.2% per year between 2008 - 2014. As of Q1/2015, there are 5,860,651 fixed broadband subscribers (see Figure 2.13). This is equivalent to 8.7% population penetration rate, and 29.1% household penetrate rate. The number of fixed broadband connections as a percentage of fixed telephone connections is 100%.









Source: NBTC



2.5.2 Market Structure and Market Competition

The fixed broadband market has three main players, True Internet, TOT, and Triple T Broadband (3BB). Their market shares as of Q1/2015 are: True Internet 36.7%, TOT 24.7% and 3BB 29.9%. In addition, the remaining other operators have a combined market share of 8.7%.

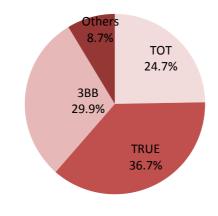


Figure 2.15 Market Shares of Fixed Broadband Market (%)

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Source: NBTC
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The HHI of the fixed broadband market has been declining steadily in the past four years. As of Q1/2015, the HHI is at 2,928.





Source: NBTC

2.6 Mobile Broadband Market

2.6.1 Subscribers

As of Q1/2015, the AIS group has approximately 20 million mobile broadband subscribers, which is equal to about 49.1% of the total number of AIS subscribers. DTAC has approximately 14.8 million mobile broadband subscribers, or 52% of the group's total subscribers. These numbers have a continuously increasing trend (see Figure 2.17)

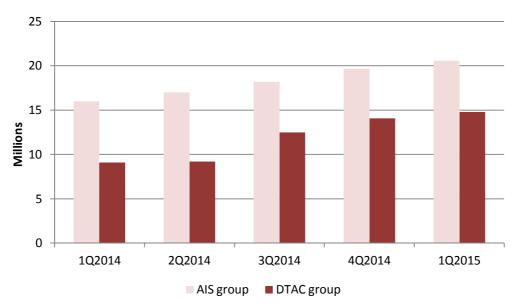


Figure 2.17 Mobile Broadband Subscribers (million)

Source: AIS and Dtac websites

2.6.2 Price Structures

Mobile broadband has grown rapidly following the auction of the 2.1 GHz spectrum held by the NBTC. Most mobile broadband plans charge users according to actual usage in megabytes rather than time-based usage.

In addition, it is common for providers to implement a Fair Usage Policy, where once the purchased usage quota (for example 90 MB, 1 GB, 2 GB or 5GB) has been reached, usage speed will be reduced. There are mainly two types of price plans.

• 'Limited' price plans, such as True's iNet, which offers 2 GB of data for 499 baht per month, at a speed of 42 Mbps. If the user exceeds 2 GB, each additional MB at the same speed costs 2 baht.

• 'Unlimited' price plans, such as True's iNet, which offers 2 GB of data for 599 baht per month at a speed of 42 Mbps. When the 2 GB limit is reached, the user can continue to use unlimited data at a reduced speed of 128 Kbps.

Competition is strong in the mobile broadband market. Usually when one provider offers a new price plan, others will follow suit by offering similar or higher-value plans in an effort to retain customers. In addition, discounts on smartphones are also offered as part of bundled services, further contributing to the continued growth of mobile broadband.



2.6.3 Data Consumption and Usage Types

There is a rapid trend of users shifting from feature phones to smartphones. In 2014, there were close to 20 million smartphones in use, compared to 27 million feature phones. OVUM has forecasted that by 2018, almost all handsets in use in Thailand will be smartphones.

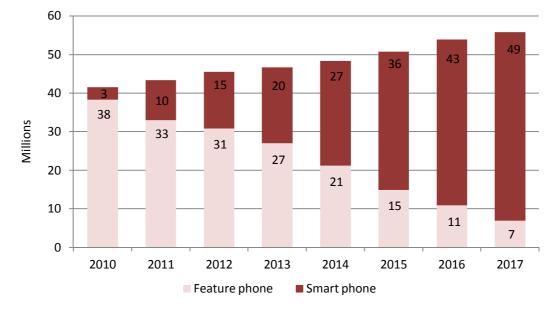


Figure 2.18 Forecast of number of handsets

IDC forecasted that mobile data consumption will continue to rise rapidly. By 2020, monthly usage will reach 192,265 MB per user, compared to 72,351 MB per user in 2015 (a 165% increase). By 2020, internet browsing will be the main activity type, accounting for 32% of all data consumption, compared to 25% in 2015 (see Figure 2.19).

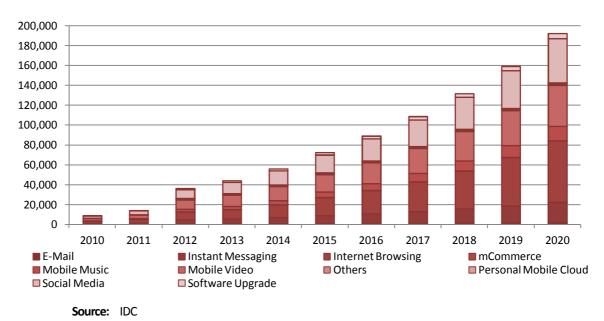
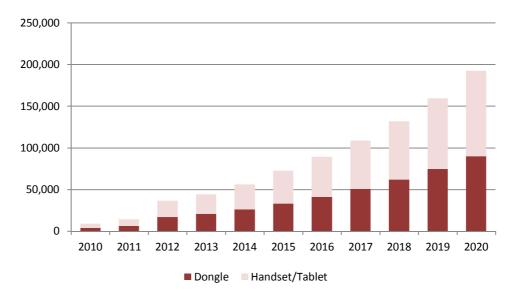


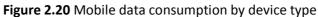
Figure 2.19 Mobile data usage by application



Source: OVUM

Consumers have a tendency to use mobile broadband through handsets and tablets more than they do through dongles. By 2020, it is estimated that the amount of data consumed through handsets/tablets will be 102,450 MB per month per user, while usage through dongles will be 89,814 MB per month per user.





If we look at the amount of data consumption per user, we find that subscribers in the Dtac group consume the most data per month, followed by True Mobile and AIS groups respectively (See Figure 2.21)

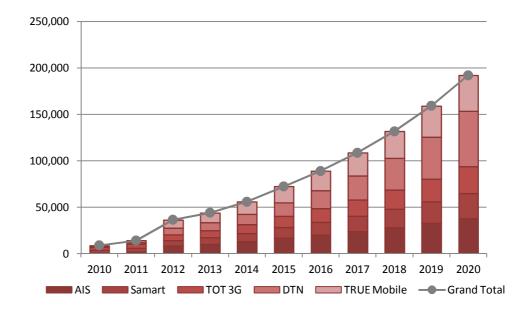


Figure 2.21 Mobile broadband data consumption (Mb per month per user)

Source: IDC

Source: IDC

3.1 Act on the Organisation to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010)

Section 27 precribed powers and duties of the NBTC regarding the spectrum licensing as follows:

(1) To formulate a Spectrum Management Master Plan, Table of National Frequency Allocations, Broadcasting Master Plan, Telecommunications Master Plan, Frequency Plan, and Telecommunications Numbering Plan;

(2) To allocate radio frequencies for the undertaking of sound broadcasting, television broadcasting, radiocommunications, and telecommunications services;

(4) To license and regulate the use of radio frequencies and radiocommunications equipment in the undertaking of sound broadcasting, television broadcasting and telecommunications services, or radiocommunications service; and prescribe licensing criteria and procedures, conditions, or licensing fees;

(5) To prescribe criteria for efficient use of radio frequency without causing interference to the same type of business and other type of business;

(6) To license and regulate the operations of sound broadcasting, television broadcasting and telecommunications services to allow service users to have choices of services with quality, efficiency, timeliness, reliability and fairness; and prescribe licensing criteria and procedures, conditions, or licensing fees;

(11) To prescribe measure for the prevention of anti-competitive conduct or unfair competition in sound broadcasting, television broadcasting and telecommunications services.

Section 40 The Telecommunications Commission shall have the power to act on behalf of the NBTC under the provisions of Section 27 (4) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) and (16) pertaining to the telecommunications and radiocommunications services, and other duties as assigned by the NBTC.

Section 41 (paragraph 4) The permission to use radio frequency for the purpose of sound broadcasting or television broadcasting services shall be carried out with due regard to maximum public interests at the national, regional and local levels in education, culture, state security and other public interests, including free and fair competition, and shall be carried out in the manner of extensively and appropriately distributing the utilities as the national communications resource to all segments of enterprises for public interest.

NBTC Telecom

Section 41 (paragraph 7) In specifying qualifications of persons who are eligible for auctioning under paragraph six, due consideration shall be given to the benefit from efficient and optimum allocation of spectrum resources, prevention of anti-competitive conduct, promotion of free and fair competition, efficient supplying of services, burdens on the consumers, and right protection for potential licensees to operate business at regional and local levels.

Section 45 Any person who wishes to use spectrum for the purpose of telecommunications business operation shall obtain a license under this Act by means of spectrum auctions in accordance with the criteria, procedures, duration, and conditions as prescribed by the NBTC. The provision of Section 41 paragraph four and paragraph seven shall apply *mutatis mutandis*. Income from spectrum auction after deducting expenditure shall be remitted to the state treasury.

3.2 Telecommunications Business Act, B.E. 2544 (2001) and its Amendment

Section 7 Any person who intends to operate a telecommunications business in accordance with the nature and categories prescribed in notification of the NBTC under the law on the organisations to assign radio-frequency spectrum and to regulate the sound broadcasting, television broadcasting and telecommunications services shall obtain a license from the NBTC.

There shall be three types of license as follows:

(1) Type One License: being a license granted to the telecommunications business operator who operates without his or her own network for telecommunications services which are deemed appropriate to be fully liberalized. The NBTC shall grant a license once notified by a person who intends to operate such business;

(2) Type Two License: being a license granted to the telecommunications business operator who operates with or without his or her own network for telecommunications services intended for a limited group of people, or services with no significant impacts on free and fair competition or on public interest and consumers. The NBTC shall grant a license once a person who intends to operate such business has completely fulfilled the standard criteria prescribed in advance in notification of the NBTC;

(3) Type Three License: being a license granted to the telecommunications business operator who operates with his or her own network for telecommunications services intended for general public, or services which may cause a significant impact on free and fair competition or on public interest, or a service which requires special consumer protection. A person who intends to operate such business can commence the operation only after he or she is approved and granted a license by the NBTC.

The rights of Type One, Type Two or Type Three licensee to operate telecommunications business in which nature, categories and scope of service shall be in accordance with notification prescribed by the NBTC, which shall be in conformity with the nature of telecommunications business for each type of license under paragraph two. In issuing such notification, the NBTC shall also have regard to the development of diverse telecommunications services and fairness among the operators.

3.3 The Telecommunications Master Plan No. 1, B.E. 2555-2559 (2012-2016)

The Telecommunications Master Plan, B.E. 2555-2559 (2012-2016) highlights the public's equal, pervasive and reasonably priced access to diverse telecommunications services through modernized networks on a fair competition basis and with efficient use of telecommunications resources as the core network to support the national development into an intellectual and creative society, with a view to narrowing the rural-urban disparities, continuingly enhancing the country's competitiveness in terms of telecommunications infrastructure, as well as developing efficient consumer protection measures. The Master Plan has been outlined in six aspects as follows:

(1) Development and Promotion of Free and Fair Competition

Monitoring and ensuring fair business operations in all markets where a monopoly or a reduction or restriction of competition is prevalent, at both national and local levels; and preventing the major operators or the operators with significant market power from abusing their market powers or any single one or group of them from manipulating or distorting market mechanism which could relatively lead to inefficient competition, so as to ensure fair competition and people's access to telecommunications services on a fair and reasonably-priced basis.

(2) Spectrum Licensing and Business Operation Licensing

Allowing the licensed operators to operate telecommunications services on a free and fair competition basis; encouraging the deployment of modern technologies based on technological neutrality; and coordinating with concerned authorities in the formulation of licensing rules, guidelines and conditions for satellite communication services, in order to promote competition and diversification of telecommunications and broadband services.

(3) Efficient Resources Utilization

Ensuring the management and approval of efficient telecommunications resources utilization; encouraging infrastructure sharing for the utmost benefit at national and local levels in education, public health, culture, State security and other public interests such as in the case of emergency or disaster breaks out, with due regard to the proper, necessary and sufficient utilization, the technological advancement, as well as the encouragement of an optimized utilization of telecommunications, radiocommunications and communication satellite resources for the utmost benefit and in conformity with international practices and obligations.

(4) Universal Basic Telecommunications Services

Implementing measures to promote operators to make available the universal basic telecommunications services in the target areas; encouraging the provision of basic telecommunications services to the underprivileged in accordance with the plan on universal basic telecommunications services and social services to ensure the access to quality services at a reasonable price; fostering the provision of telecommunications services for social development and quality of life improvement; and promoting the capacity enhancement of telecommunications device and service industry for the disabled and the underprivileged in the society.



(5) Consumer Protection

Enhancing the awareness among consumers of their basic rights in telecommunications service, benefits from consuming various types of telecommunications services, needs to keep abreast of technological advancement to ensure their efficient use of services, understanding of their right and freedom in consuming telecommunications services, and efficient access to complaint channels; and devising measures to step up roles of the operators in providing services in an ethical manner and with responsibility for consumers and the society.

(6) Preparedness for and Entry into the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) and Promotion of International Cooperation

Fostering the enhancement of Thailand's potential and readiness for the forthcoming AEC membership in 2015 by developing telecommunications cooperation and linking of infrastructure, rules and regulations, industry sector, researchers and developers, regulating agencies, and the public; and promoting international cooperation under various frameworks at bilateral and multilateral levels with due regard to the national interests.

3.4 The Spectrum Management Master Plan, B.E. 2555 (2012)

The NBTC has prescribed the Spectrum Management Master Plan to be as the guideline for spectrum management, spectrum licensing as well as broadcasting and telecommunications businesses licensing and regulation. The Plan can be summarized as follows:

1) Vision

To manage the spectrum to achieve public interests at the national, regional and local levels with due regard to free and fair competition as well as the extensive and appropriate distribution of the spectrum utilization in various segments including education, culture, state security and other public interests.

2) Mission

To efficiently allocate, assign and regulate the spectrum utilization with due regard to public interests, business necessity, spectrum usage and technological advancement through certain, clear and reasonable criteria as well as transparent and fair process

3) Goal

3.1) To build the international cooperation mechanism in spectrum management among related parties including, international organizations, international frequency coordination committee, regulators and related operators;

3.2) To develop criteria and timeframe for spectrum refarming for reassignment or utilization improvement;

3.3) To develop spectrum management regulations and mechanism for national security agencies;

3.4) To assign spectrum and prescribe spectrum usage regulations in Public

Protection and Disaster Relief (PPDR), case of emergency and other public services;

3.5) To set the transition plan for digital radio and television transmission;



3.6) To assign spectrum for public service and non-profit community uses at least twenty percent of the spectrum to be licensed for broadcasting business in each area.

4) Strategy

The Spectrum Management Master Plan has defined the strategy and guideline regarding spectrum refarming as follows:

8.2 Refarming Strategy

The refarming guideline is described as follows:

8.2.1 In case of government, state enterprises, and other government agencies who allowing other operators to use their spectrum by granting permission, concession or contract which its legality was already examined by the NBTC, after the end of their permission, concession or contract such spectrum shall be returned to the NBTC;

8.2.2 Those who have been legally licensed for the spectrum usage with the expiry dates shall return the spectrum after the end of their license;

8.2.3 For those who have been legally licensed for the spectrum usage without the expiry dates, the NBTC will set the expiry dates by considering public interest, business necessity and spectrum utilization:

8.2.3.1 In case of radio broadcasting service, the maximum period shall not exceed 5 years as from the date of the Spectrum Management Master Plan coming into force;

8.2.3.2 In case of television broadcasting service, the maximum period shall not exceed 10 years as from the date of the Spectrum Management Master Plan coming into force;

8.2.3.3 In case of telecommunications service and other services, the maximum period shall not exceed 15 years as from the date of the Spectrum Management Master Plan coming into force. However the permitted period shall not exceed expiry date of their telecommunications business license.

8.2.4 Spectrum refarming in any other cases will be as specified by the

NBTC.

Table 3.1 Criteria and timeline for the spectrum refarming according to the Master Plan

Details	Spectrum return time line
1) In case of the legal permission, concession or	Spectrum shall be returned after the end of the
contract has definite expiry period	permission, concession or contract
2) In case of legally obtaining spectrum license with no expiry period for spectrum usage	the maximum period shall not exceed 15 years as from the date of the Spectrum Management Master Plan coming into force. However the permitted period shall not exceed the expiry date of its telecommunications business license.



3.5 Important Regulatory Issues

3.5.1 Telecommunications Numbers Management, and Mobile Number Portability and Record of Prepaid Mobile Phone Service's Users

The NBTC has a policy to allocate telecommunications numbers efficiently and sufficiently for the operators' service provision and network expansion. It recognizes the importance of an allocation of numbers for public services, businesses and for national security, as well as for supporting the emergency or disasters. It has therefore devised a telecommunications numbering plan and the criteria for allocation of telecommunications numbers that is in line with the policy on telecommunications resource management. This means that the allocation, supervision, administration and use of telecommunications numbers, which are telecommunications resources, are undertaken in an efficient and fair manner and sufficient for the supply of services on the basis of free and fair competition including protection of service users.

The NBTC's current telecommunications numbering plan is designed to cater for the long-term number demand and support future service provision employing innovative technologies. The plan provides various types of telecommunications numbers to support services provided by operators which include fixed line number, mobile number, VoIP number, premium service number, technical number as well as short code number. In addition, the NBTC has been managing the telecommunications number allocation according to the NBTC's Notification regarding the Criteria for Allocation and Management of Telecommunications Numbers, which details the basic principles of telecommunications number management and allocation with a clear and efficient process, including *inter alia*: guidelines on telecommunications number planning; application procedures for allocation of telecommunications numbers; procedures and criteria for allocation of telecommunications numbers; rights and duties of holder of allocated numbers and regulating guidelines. Besides, the holders of allocated numbers are duty-bound to pay fee for the telecommunications numbers at the rate specified in the Notification.

The other important duty of the NBTC regarding mobile numbers management that gain interest from the public is the regulation of mobile number portability. This operation is under the NBTC's Notification Regarding the Criteria for Mobile number Portability which outlines rules and guidelines for porting mobile number to another network provider while retaining their existing mobile numbers. Such number portability not only benefits the users, but also promotes competition in telecommunications services, improves service quality in order to retain the customers as well as supports the optimum utilization of numbers. The Notification also prescribes an investment in a Clearing House for data collection through a consortium of the mobile service providers, with the investment proportion to be specified.

The NBTC has set forth a rule regarding the record of prepaid mobile phone service's users (prepaid SIM card) under the NBTC's Notification regarding the Criteria for Allocation and Management of Telecommunications Numbers. The NBTC has also determines a guideline on the registration of prepaid mobile phone service's users (prepaid SIM card) to be complied by all mobile operators in order to protect the right of mobile phone users as well as to protect the society and national security. Moreover, there is a requirement that, for new numbers, the mobile operators must register the users' SIM card prior to SIM activation.



3.5.2 Telecommunications Network Interconnection

In 2013 the NBTC issued the Notification Regarding Telecommunications Network Access and Interconnection B.E. 2556 prescribing criteria and procedures for network interconnection. The Notification requires that a licensee who owns network must allow other licensees to interconnect with its network on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis.

The Notification also requires the licensee who owns network to develop and submit the Reference Interconnection offer together with supporting document that prescribes principle and method for calculating interconnection charge. Such interconnection charge must be cost-oriented and calculate on long run incremental cost basis. The charge for necessary facilities for interconnection must also be cost-oriented. The NBTC, however, may impose a certain calculation method and appropriate reference interconnection charge for certain interconnection services.

In addition, this Notification also provides guidelines for contractual arrangements as well as dispute resolution procedure in the case where there is any refusal of network interconnection or access for which the petition should be submitted within one year as from the date of the refusal or the date the dispute regarding network interconnection or access arises. During the dispute settlement process, the NBTC may order temporary access or interconnection following conditions in the existing contract, conditions in the same type of contract or use the calculation method for interconnection charge that the NBTC sees appropriate. In this regard, the NBTC has issued the Notification Regarding Standard Method for Calculating Interconnection Charges B.E. 2556 (2013) to be the calculation standard for the transparency.

Furthermore, in year 2014 the NBTC has issued the Notification Regarding the Reference Interconnection Charges B.E. 2557 (2014) which applies the calculation method according to the Notification regarding the standard method for Calculating Interconnection Charges mentioned-above. The purpose of this Notification is to set fair regulatory guideline and fair interconnection charge for telecommunications service users where an agreement regarding the charges cannot be reached among the licensees, where there is a dispute regarding the charge or where temporary charge is required.

3.5.3 Telecommunications Network Access

The NBTC's Notification Regarding Telecommunications Network Access and Interconnection B.E. 2556 also prescribes criteria and procedures for network access. The Notification requires that a licensee who owns network must allow other licensees to access to its network on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis.

The Notification also requires the licensee who owns network to develop and submit the Reference Access offer together with supporting document that prescribes principle and method for calculating access charge. Operators are permitted to determine the access rate among themselves via commercial negotiations on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis. The NBTC, however, may impose a certain calculation method and appropriate reference interconnection charge for certain interconnection services.



In addition, this Notification also provides guidelines for contractual arrangements as well as dispute resolution procedure in the case where there is any refusal of network interconnection or access for which the petition should be submitted within one year as from the date of the refusal or the date the dispute regarding network interconnection or access arises. During the dispute settlement process, the NBTC may order temporary access or interconnection following conditions in the existing contract, conditions in the same type of contract or as the NBTC sees appropriate.

3.5.4 Infrastructure Sharing for Mobile Network

In order to promote free and fair competition and to bring the quality and efficient service to the consumers, the NBTC has prescribed the Notification Regarding Infrastructure Sharing for Mobile Network B.E. 2556 (2013) which requires the licensee (Type III and the mobile operators under concessions) to permit other licensees to share its own infrastructure for mobile network. The Infrastructure sharing includes tower and mast, base station area, transmission network between base station and base station controller. In sharing its own network, the licensees must treat other licensees on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis and the infrastructure sharing charge can be determined among licensees on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis. In addition, this Notification has also prescribed criteria and procedures for contract negotiation and dispute resolution where an agreement cannot be reached among the licensees.

3.5.5 Domestic Mobile Roaming Services

The NBTC has prescribed the Notification Regarding Domestic Mobile Roaming Services to promote free and fair competition and to enable nationwide service to consumers. This Notification requires the licensees (Type III mobile operators and mobile operators under concessions) to allow other mobile operators to roam on its own network except the licensee network is non-interoperable with the raomer's network due to different standard and technology employed. Furthermore, the licensee must treat other licensees on a fair, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory basis and the domestic mobile roaming charge can be determined among the licensees on a fair, reasonable, and non discriminatory basis as well as must be reasonable comparing with the retail rate paid by its customers. In addition, this Notification has also prescribed criteria and procedures for contract negotiation and dispute resolution where an agreement cannot be reached among the licensees.

3.5.6 Mobile Virtual Network Service

The NBTC has prescribed the Notification Regarding Mobile Virtual Networks Service B.E. 2556 (2013) to promote free and fair competition as well as to promote market entry for small entrant in order to escalate mobile service competition and provide service alternatives to customers. The Notification requires the licensee (Type III mobile operators and mobile operators under concessions) who is a wholseller to treat Mobile Network Operators (MVNOs) on a fair, reasonable and non-discriminatory basis and charge can be determined by the agreement between the wholseller and MVNOs on a fair, reasonable, and non discriminatory basis as well as must be reasonable comparing with the retail rate paid by the wholseller's customers. In addition, this Notification has also prescribed criteria and procedures for contract negotiation and dispute resolution where an agreement can not be reached among the licensees.



3.5.7 Setting of Service Tariff

The NBTC regulates service fees in accordance with the "NBTC's Notification Regarding Maximum Rate of Service Tariff and Advance Collection of Service Tariff in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2549 (2006)." The said notification aims at protecting service users and promoting efficient competition in Thai telecommunications market on a free and fair basis. The Notification specifies the methods for determining maximum rate of service tariff that is fair to operators and users, as well as specifies the duty of operators to report the service tariff which enables the NBTC to monitor whether the service tariff is in appropriate level or conducive to any anti-competitive or discriminatory practices and affect the service users or not. In addition, the Notification also specifies criteria and procedures to obtain the NBTC's permission for advance collection of service tariff.

Following the above-mentioned Notification, in 2012 the NBTC issued the Notification Regarding Maximum Rate of Service Tariff for Domestic Mobile Voice Service B.E. 2555 (2012)" which determines the maximum rate of mobile voice service tariff at 99 Satang per minute, applicable solely to the operators with significant market power (SMP) according to the NBTC's order in 2010. Later on, in granting the 2.1 GHz spectrum licenses in December 2012, one of the license conditions mandates that the tariffs of voice and non-voice services must be reduced in average by at least 15% of the average market price at the day the licenses are granted. Such condition is however presumed as a specific measure for regulating service tariff for service on 3G network.

Currently, the NBTC is reviewing overall mobile service tariff regulation to be up to date and suitable with the market environment. In doing so, the NTC has approved in principle for the determination of the maximum rate of service tariff by using Price Cap methodology which is expected to become effective within year 2015.

3.5.8 Measure for the Prevention of Monopoly and the Identification of Market Power in Telecommunications Business

The NBTC implements two types of competition regulation – the ex-ante and expost regulation. Ex-post regulation is governed by the NTC Notification on Measures to Prevent Monopolistic and Unfair Competition Practices in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2549 (2006), which aims to ensure free and fair competition among telecommunications service providers and to promote and support competition in and development of the telecommunications industry in an efficient and sustainable manner. The Notification prohibits operators who have been deemed to have Significant Market Power (SMP) from carrying out certain anti-competitive practices such as service subsidization and cross service subsidization for the service or the business under competition in the market, acquisition of business of the same service type; and any conduct deemed as abuse of market power in the manner of monopoly, or reduction or restriction of competition. The Notification also institutes a process of inquiry dealing with the licensee who acts or behaves in such manner, as a standard of practice for the NBTC.

For the ex-ante regulation, in 2014 the NBTC issued two key notifications. The first is the NBTC Notification on Market Definition and Relevant Markets in Telecommunications B.E. 2557 (2014), and the second is the NBTC Notification on Criteria and Procedures for Identifying Operators with Significant Market Power in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2557 (2014). According to these Notifications, the Office of the NBTC must prepare a report on analysis of the level of competition in the relevant markets and propose a list of operators with SMP in each



relevant market for the NBTC's consideration. This will be used as a basis for outlining measures for the supervision of anti-competitive behaviors in telecommunications market in alignment with the above-mentioned Notification, and also for formulating a guideline to prevent the operators with SMP from abusing their market power to restrict or hinder free competition in the market.

The NBTC additionally issued the Notification Regarding Criteria and Procedure for Accounting Separation in Telecommunications Buiness as a tool to support the implementation of measures for the prevention of monopoly or unfair competition in telecommunications business. Under the Notification, the operators with SMP are required to undertake accounting separation for the NBTC's analysis. This aims to:

Identify the anti-competitive behaviors such as predatory pricing, margin

 Identify the discriminatory behaviors such as cross subsidization, a case in which the operators with SMP set an overly high price in a market where they have powers and use the received profit for cross subsidization in another market where they are inferior to their rivals; and

• Be a basis for determining the cost-based wholesaling and retailing rates without excessive return/profit.

3.5.9 Universal Basic Telecommunications and Social Services

Telecommunications plays an important role in people communication and also in promoting capability development in other sectors such as manufacturing sector, trade and commerce sector as well as public and private service sectors. Therefore, the distribution of Universal Basic Telecommunications and Social Services will minimize the gap in communication and technology access which will improve the quality of life of the people in remote areas and bring about the equality and fairness in standard of living for all citizens both in the city and the remote areas. This will finally affects the national competitiveness level.

With all reasons mentioned above, the Telecommunications Master Plan B.E. 2555-2559 (2012-2016) aims to adopt measures to encourage operators in providing basic telecommunications services universally, promote the provision of basic telecommunications services to the underprivileged in accordance with the Universal Basic Telecommunications Services and Social Services Plan to ensure the access to quality telecommunications service at a reasonable tariff, to foster the provision of telecommunications service for social development and quality of life improvement as well as to improve the capability of telecommunications device manufacturing and telecommunications service for the disabled and the underprivileged.

In 2012, the NBTC has issued the NBTC's Notification Regarding Plan on Universal Basic Telecommunications Services and Social Services (B.E. 2555-2559) (2012-2016) aiming to promote and encourage nationwide distribution of wireline and wireless telecommunications network as well as to provide opportunity and develop capability in internet access for the underprivileged, the disabled, children, and senior citizens which will improve quality of life and the overall national competitiveness level. Subsequently, the NBTC has issued the NBTC's Notification Regarding the Criteria and Procedure for Revenue Collection to Fund the Provision of Universal Basic Telecommunications Services and Social Services which prescribes the criteria and procedure for revenue collection from telecommunications service licensees for contribution to the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Research and Development Fund for the Public Interest. This is in order to



squeeze, etc.

secure funding for the implementation of the said Plan on Universal Basic Telecommunications Services and Social Services. The basic telecommunications services selected to be offered are telephone service and high speed internet service with no limitation of technology employed and the applications which include terminal equipment, software or other necessary peripherals. The goal is also include promotion and improvement of knowledge and skill which will benefit to the public for the appropriated and efficient access to the basic telecommunications services. Moreover, the licensees with their own network are required to annually contribute to the Fund at the amount of 3.75% per year of their net income from their telecommunications services as defined in the said notification.

It is expected that, after the successful implementation according to the Universal Basic Telecommunications and Social Services Plan (B.E.2012-2016), the personal telephone penetration rate will be at least 95% of Thai population and the high speed internet penetration rate will be at least 80% of Thai population. Also, there will be internet community center, internet service in school, internet service in community hospital as well as internet service center for target groups nationwide and telecommunications system for the disabled to access to information as others.

3.5.10 Current Spectrum Assignment for Telecommunication Services in Thailand

The utilization and the regulation of radio frequencies spectrum in telecommunication businesses is mandated by the Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010) (the Organization Act) and the Telecommunications Business Act, B.E. 2544 (2001).

Section 46 of the Organization Act states that a spectrum license for telecommunications business is the exclusive rights and is not transferable. The licensee who has been authorized to use spectrum shall carry out the services by himself or herself. Also, business management either in whole or in part shall not be rendered or permitted to other to act on his/her behalf.

In addition, Section 47 of the Organization Act stipulates that for any licensee who has been authorized to use spectrum for telecommunications services that has not carried out the business by using such spectrum within period specified by the NBTC, or by using such spectrum in other services not relating to its objectives, or fails to comply with the business operation conditions, or conducts any prohibitive acts as specified in Section 27 (11) or fails to comply with the provision of Section 46, the NBTC shall take action to rectify the situation or issue an order to revoke the spectrum license in whole or in part.



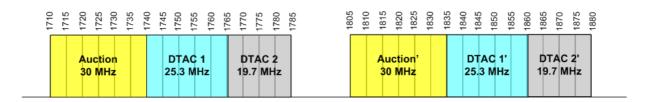
4.1 Spectrum to be licensed

The spectrum to be licensed is 2 x 30 MHz of 1800 MHz spectrum in the band of 1710 - 1740 MHz/1805 - 1835 MHz according to the International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Spectrum Plan in the frequency band of 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz, which consists of:

1) The spectrum in the 1800 MHz band which used for the provision of mobile phone service by True Move Company Limited (2×12.6 MHz) and Digital Phone Company Limited (2×12.6 MHz) under the concession with CAT Telecom Public Company Limited which ended on September 15th, 2013;

2) The 2 x 4.8 MHz spectrum in the 1800 MHz band, which Total Access Communications Public Company Limited possess and use under the concession between CAT Telecom Public Company Limited and Total Access Communication Public Company Limited, that the Ministry of Information and Communication has officially confirmed to return to be combined with the spectrum of 2 x 25.2 MHz in 1) for the auction. In this regard, the spectrum rearrangement must be performed to obtain the contiguous 2 x 30 MHz band.

Figure 4.1 Spectrum to be auctioned



4.2 Number of Licenses

The NTC will grant two spectrum licenses, with a bandwidth of 2 x 15 MHz each as shown in Table 4.1. Each bidder is entitled to bid only one spectrum lot or 2×15 MHz.

Table 4.1 Spectrum to be licensed

spectrum	bandwidth	Lower Frequency	Upper Frequency
lot 1	2x15 MHz	1710-1725 MHz	1805-1820 MHz
lot 2	2x15MHz	1725-1740 MHz	1820-1835 MHz



Figure 4.2 Spectrum to be licensed

1710 1715 1720 1725 1730 1735 1736	 1805 1815 1815 1815 1825 1835 1840 1845 1855 1850 1855 1860	1800 1875 1875 1880
Lot 1 Lot 2 15 MHz 15 MHz	Lot 1' Lot 2' 15 MHz 15 MHz	

In order to do so, the legal process of returning 2 x 4.8 MHz and the spectrum rearrangement of the relevant entities to obtain contiguous 2 x 30 MHz in the 1800 MHz band must be completed withing the specified time. In the case that the mentioned procedure cannot be completed within the specified time, the NTC will proceed the auction with only two lots of 2 x 12.5 MHz that the concessions had ended: the first lot covers the range of 1710 - 1722.5 MHz paired with the range of 1805 - 1817.5 MHz and the second lot covers the range of 1748 - 1760.5 MHz paired with the range of 1843 - 1855.5 MHz. The relevant terms and conditions will also be adjusted in accordance with the auction of 2 lots of 2 x 12.5 MHz.

Figure 4.3 Spectrum to be licensed in case of auctioning 2 lots of 2 x 12.5 MHz



In the case where there is any remaining spectrum after the auction, the NTC will begin the process to grant the license for such remaining spectrum within one year as from the end of the previous auction.

In the case where there is no Bidder, the NTC reserves the right to dismiss the auction and will consider schedule of next auction as appropriate.

4.3 License and Its Scope

4.3.1 The Winning Bidders, after the conditions precedent have been duly fulfilled, will be awarded the 1800 MHz Spectrum License and Type Three Telecommunication Business License in accordance with Section 7 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001) for the provision of services in accordance with the scope of the license.

In the case that the Winning Bidder is already a spectrum licensee or is already a Type Three Telecommunication Business Licensee, the NTC will, after the conditions precedent have been duly fulfilled, consider licensing the 1800 MHz Spectrum for the additional provision of services in accordance with the scope of license as specified by the NTC under the existing spectrum license or Type Three Telecommunication Business License, as the case may be.

Furthermore, the Licensee shall be deemed as the person authorized to possess and use radiocommunications equipment and install radiocommunications station under the Radiocommunications Act with respect only to the radiocommunications equipment concerned with the services in accordance with the scope of the license, whereby the Licensee must abide by the related rules and notifications.



4.3.2 In providing the service, the Licensee can employ any technology based on neutral technology concept under ITU-R Recommendations relating to IMT. However, the Licensee can use Global Systems for Mobile Communication (GSM) technology in the beginning period until the complete transition to IMT, under terms and conditions prescribed by the NTC.

4.3.3 The Licensee will be able to provide telecommunications services as a network provider and service provider as well as telecommunications facility which include the following characteristics and types of service:

- 1) Wireless telecommunications network service;
- 2) Telecommunications Facility;
- 3) Telecommunication services, i.e.
 - 3.1) Mobile phone service;
 - 3.2) Public Broadband Multimedia Service;
 - 3.3) Value-added Service for the licensed telecommunication services;

and

3.4) Wholesale service for services in 3.1) - 3.3)

In the case that the Licensee intends to provide broadcasting business, the Licensee must conform to laws on the provision of broadcasting business and other relevant laws.

4.4 License Duration

The 1800 MHz Spectrum License and Type Three Telecommunication Business License will be valid from the date of obtaining the License until 15 September 2033.

In the case where the Licensee is already a spectrum Licensee or a Type Three Telecommunication Business Licensee, the License duration for only the telecommunications services using 1800 MHz Spectrum in accordance with the scope of License will be valid from the date of obtaining the rights until 15 September 2033.

The Licensee must comply with the conditions precedent to service dissolution as specified by the NTC and must submit service users' management plan at least 2 years in advance before the end of the license period in order to avoid effects on service users. The Licensee must return the granted spectrum to the NTC when the license period lapses.

4.5 Annual License Fee

The Licensee has the duty to pay the Type Three Telecommunication Business Annual License fee, spectrum administrative fee, telecommunication numbering fee, revenue contribution to the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Research and Development Fund for the public Interest, and any other related fees under the criteria and procedures set forth by the NTC.



4.6 Licensing Terms and Conditions

4.6.1 The Licensee must strictly comply with the terms and conditions on the use of radio frequency and telecommunications business operation under the Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010), the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001) and its amendment, the NBTC's Notification regarding Spectrum Plan for the International Mobile Telecommunications (IMT) Spectrum Plan in the Frequency Bands of 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz, conditions for Type Three Telecommunications Business License, as well as rules, regulations, notifications, orders and any criteria prescribed by the NTC.

4.6.2 Coverage Obligation

1) The Licensee must provide telecommunications network for rendering services covering at least 40 percent of the population within 4 years as from the date of obtaining the License and at least 50 percent of the population within 8 years as from the date of obtaining the License.

The provision of telecommunications network for rendering services will be inclusive of the installation and the leasing of telecommunications network, but excluding the national roaming of other operators' mobile phone network.

2) The Licensee's telecommunications network must be capable of supporting a data transmission rate not less than the rate prescribed in the NBTC' Notification Regarding the Standard and Quality of Data Service. In the case that the Licensee has advertises its quality of telecommunications service, it is the duty of such Licensee to comply with its advertisement.

3) The Licensee must report the network installation status as scheduled by the NTC, and must provide supporting evidence demonstrating the average data transmission rate upon request by the NTC. In this regard, the NTC will subsequently set forth the criteria, conditions and method to measure the population coverage in the service areas and transmission speed.

4) In the case that the Licensee fails to comply with the conditions on network provision for rendering service described above, the Licensee will be obliged to pay a daily penalty charge at the rate of 0.05 percent of its highest bid price throughout the period of its failure to comply with the conditions of the NTC within the specified timeframe.

4.6.3 Infrastructure Sharing

The licensee must comply with the NBTC's Notification Regarding Infrastructure Sharing for Mobile Network B.E. 2556 (2013).

4.6.4 Service of Mobile Virtual Network Operator (MVNO)

The licensee must provide telecommunications network service with the minimum capacity of 10% of its networks to the MVNO who is not the connected person with any licensee when receiving such service request, and must comply with the NBTC's Notification Regarding Mobile Virtual Network Operator Service B.E. 2556 (2013).



4.6.5 National Roaming Service

The Licensee must comply with the NBTC's Notification Regarding National Roaming of Mobile Phone Network B.E. 2556 (2013).

4.6.6 Record of prepaid mobile phone service's users

The licensee must comply with the NBTC's Notification Regarding Criteria for Telecommunications Numbers Assignment and Management as well as the guideline prescribed by the Office of the NBTC which includes the prepaid user's registration prior to service activation.

4.6.7 Social and Consumer Protection Measures

1) The Licensee must prepare its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plan covering the electronic waste management, users' health, risk management plan for rapidly changing technologies, and services for disabled which include at least special tariff and special invoice or contract with large font or in Braille at no additional charge. In this regard, the Licensee must submit such CSR plan to the NTC prior to launching its service and must implement according to its plan within 1 year as from the date of launching its service.

2) The Licensee must prepare a consumer protection plan covering measures to handle complaints free of charge, measures to handle unsatisfactory service, procedure to develop understanding among the public regarding the establishment of radiocommunications stations, as well as building the consumer recognition regarding rights to use telecommunications service which include publication of consumer rights in consuming mobile phone service as specified by the Office of the NBTC. In this regard, the Licensee must submit the consumer protection plan to the NTC prior to launching its service and must implement according to its plan immediately after the launch of its service.

3) The Licensee must support the mission of the NTC regarding telecommunications service for social benefits as prescribed by the NTC, particularly in arranging public telecommunications service and facilitating the access to public telecommunications services universally for low-income earners, the disabled, children, the elderly, people in remote areas, and the underprivileged.

4) The Licensee must heedfully prevent any person from using its network for illegitimate activities or disseminating any information that may undermine peace or morality of the people, and must support the state and private agencies in any act intending to protect rights of consumers for the safety of society and the State security.

5) The Licensee must provide the service in a fair nature, which includes setting of tariff that is clear, reasonable and not taking advantage of consumer, and shall provide service with quality as prescribed by the NTC. For this purpose, the Licensee must set forth the tariff for voice and data services which is, on average, lower than the average tariff of mobile phone service using 2.1 GHz spectrum on the date of this Notification coming into force. In doing so to promote and increase the opportunity for users in accessing the mobile telecommunications service using 1800 MHz spectrum, the Licensee must provide at least one promotion which has tariff lower than average tariff of mobile phone service using 2.1 GHz spectrum on the date of this Notification coming into force, as well as charges based on actual usage and has the quality not lower than the average quality of mobile phone service using 2.1 GHz spectrum. All this will apply until the NTC prescribed criteria relating to the regulation of tariff and quality of service otherwise.



5.1 Licensing Phases

The spectrum licensing process can be divided into 6 phases as summarised in table below:

1) Regulations Preparation	 Formulation of spectrum licensing criteria Preparation of Information Memorandum (IM) Published the Notification regarding criteria and procedure for spectrum licensing in the Government Gazette
2) Auction Invitation	 Auction invitation and publication of Information Memorandum
3) Pre-Qualification	Consideration of compliance with application methodConsideration of Applicant's qualification
4) Auction Training	Bidder information session and mock auction
5) Auction Phase	Bidding session
6) License Granting Phase	Fulfillment of conditions precedentLicense granting

Table 5.1 Licensing Phases

5.1.1 Regulations Preparation

In this phase, rules and regulations are drawn up along with related documentation which are the Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing and the Information Memorandum for Spectrum Licensing.

5.1.2 Auction Invitation

In this phase, the auction invitation and the Information Memorandum will be published to invite potential operators to participate in 1800 MHz spectrum auction. Interested parties must process in accordance with the application method for pre-qualification screening. The NTC may arrange a public information session for the interested parties to familiarize themselves with the application form filling and the auction process.

5.1.3 Pre-Qualification

In this phase, the compliance with the application method and the Applicants' qualification will be examined according to the prescribed regulation. The Applicants who fully-met qualifications and requirements are entitled to be the Bidders.

5.1.4 Auction Training

The NTC may arrange a bidder information session for all qualified Applicants who are eligible to be the Bidders so that they could familiarize themselves with the auction method, criteria and procedures.

1) Bidder Information Session

Bidders will be introduced to the auction and auction software prior to the

auction day.

2) Mock Auction

The NTC will invite all Bidders to participate in learning and practicing the auction software. The Mock Auction will provide the Bidders with an opportunity to practice the bidding procedure using the Auction Software. Also, it serves as a test of the Auction Software.

5.1.5 Auction Phase

The auction will be proceeded by openning the bid for all lots of 1800 MHz Spectrum to be licensed simultaneously in multiple rounds. The bid price in each round will increase correspondingly (Simultaneous Ascending Bid Auction) and the Bidder can place bid for a desired lot.

The Auction will be conducted through the Auction Software on an Internet or Intranet system in the specified venue. The Office of the NBTC will provide computer system, PC and necessary peripherals.

5.1.6 License Granting Phase

The NTC will issue the 1800 MHz Spectrum License and Type Three Telecommunication Business License to each Winning Bidder after the Winning Bidder has correctly and completely fulfilled the conditions precedent.

5.2 Timetable for Spectrum Licensing

The following table shows the spectrum licensing timetable to help those wishing to apply for the license in preparing for filing the application forms and participating in the auction. The NTC reserves the right to change the timetable and/or to extend or shorten the timetable. Any of such changes will be informed in advance on the NBTC's website (www.nbtc.go.th).

Task	Date
Regulations Preparation	
Publication of the Regulation regarding licensing criteria in the Gevernment Gazette	24 August 2015
Auction Invitation	
Auction invitation and publication of Information Memorandum	During 28 August – 28 September 2015
Public Information Session	During 28 August – 28 September 2015

Table 5.2 Timetable for Spectrum Licensing



Task	Date
Pre-Qualification	
Application Day	30 September 2015
Pre-qualification screening	During 30 September 2015 – 21 October 2015
Bidders announcement	21 October 2015
Auction Training	
Information Session and Mock Auction for	During 22 October – 10 November 2015
Bidders	
Auction Phase	
Auction Day	11 November 2015
Announcement of winning bidders	No later than 18 November 2015
License Granting Phase	
Fulfillment of conditions precedent	Within 90 days after the bidder is notified in
	writing as the winning bidder
License Granting	After the Winning Bidders completely and
	correctly fulfill conditions precedent

5.3 Pre-Qualification Process

5.3.1 Process

The purpose of the pre-qualification process is to select appropriate applicants to be the Bidders. The pre-qualification process encompasses the following 3 steps:

1) The interest entities submit the application forms together with relevant information and document and pay the application fee in the amount of 500,000 Baht (excluding VAT) and place the auction guarantee in the amount of 796,000,000 Baht in the case of 2 x 30 MHz auction or 580,000,000 in the case of 2 x 25 MHz auction;

2) The NTC evaluates the completeness of license application and applicant's qualification including relavant documents as prescribed in the Notification;

3) The Applicants will be notified whether their application has been successful. Only qualified Applicants will be allowed to be the Bidder.

5.3.2 Qualifications and Other Requirements

Each applicant must fully meet the qualifications and complete all requirements as listed below:

1) Submission of Information and Documents

1.1) Submit the completely-filled application forms for obtaining the 1800 MHz Spectrum License and the accompanying documents and information as prescribed in Annex A of the NBTC's Notification regarding the Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for International Mobile Telecommunications in the frequency band of 1800 MHz with 2 sets of their copies and the electronic documents to the Office of the NBTC.



1.2) Submit the documents of the Applicant that documented compliance with the Schedule of Prohibitions as prescribed in the NBTC's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions on Acts Constituting Foreign Dominance B.E. 2555 (2012), together with an affirmation signed by an authorized signatory that the applicant will not conduct any act that is contrary to any of the restrictions, the affirmation in accordance with the measures for restricting collusive behavior and the affirmation that if obtaining a License, the Applicant agrees to prepare and act in accordance with a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plan as approved by the NTC, and sign in the bidder's consent letter, as prescribed in the application form for 1800 MHz Spectrum License;

2) Application Fee and Auction Guarantee

2.1) The Applicant must pay the application fee of 500,000 Baht (excluding VAT) by cash or bank cheque issued by a financial institution operating commercial banking business under the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 (2008), dated on or not more than three business days prior to the date of payment to the Office of the NBTC. This fee will be deemed as the application fee for the spectrum license and Type Three Telecommunications Business License and will not be refunded by the Office of the NBTC in any cases;

2.2) The Applicant must place an auction guarantee by bank cheque issued by a financial institution operating commercial banking business under the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 (2008), dated on or not more than three business days prior to the date of payment to the Office of the NBTC, for an amount of 796,000,000 Baht in the case of 2 x 30 MHz auction or 663,000,000 Baht in the case of 2 x 25 MHz auction;

In the case the Applicant does not proceed in accordance with specified methods in 1) and 2), the Office of the NBTC will not accept the License application.

3) Qualification Requirement

3.1) The Applicant must have the qualifications as stipulated in Section 8 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E.2544 (2001) and its amendment, and must have the qualifications and must not possess the prohibited characteristics as prescribed in Clause 3 of the National Telecommunications Commission's Notification Regarding Criteria and Procedure for Granting Type Three Telecommunications Business License;

3.2) The applicant must be a juristic person in the type of a limited company or public limited company established under Thai law and must not be a foreigner under the law on foreign businesses.

The applicant must specify the prohibitions as prescribed in the NBTC's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions on Acts Constituting Foreign Dominance B.E. 2555 (2012) together with affirmation signed by authorized signatory that the applicant will not conduct any act that is contrary to any of the prescribed restrictions. After the auction, in the case where the licensee conducts any act that infringe the mentioned prohibitions, the NBTC's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions for the Act having Nature of Foreign Dominance B.E. 2555 (2012) will be applied;

3.3) The Applicant must have no connection with other Applicant(s) by means of being the major shareholder, subsidiary company, associated company or person in authority or a controlled entity or related entity or have cross-shareholding with other Applicant(s).



An exception will be made in the case of being related due to relationship as the entity who grants or is granted authorization, concession or contract under Section 80 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001). Whereby the consideration shall be in accordance with the provisions in Clause 2 of the NTC's Notification regarding Criteria and Method of Merger & Acquisition and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunication Business B.E. 2553 (2010);

In the examination, if it is found that the Applicant does not have qualifications as prescribed, or the fact subsequently show that the Applicant who is the Bidder or the Winning Bidder does not have qualifications as prescribed, such Applicant will be removed from the list of the Applicants, the Bidders or the Winning Bidders, as the case may be.

5.4 Spectrum Auction Fee

5.4.1 Minimum Price of the 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing

The minimum price of the Spectrum Licensing for each spectrum lot is equal to 15,912,000,000 Baht in case of 2 x 30 MHz auction or 13,260,000,000 Baht in case of 2 x 25 MHz auction.

In the case where the number of bidders is less than or equal to the number of spectrum lots to be auctioned, the minimum price of the Spectrum Licensing for each spectrum lot is equal to 19,890,000,000 Baht in case of 2 x 30 MHz auction or 16,575,000,000 Baht in case of 2 x 25 MHz auction.

5.4.2 Payment of the 1800 MHz Spectrum Auction Fee

The Winning Bidder must pay the 1800 MHz Spectrum auction fee according to the highest bid price of each Winning Bidder in three installments as follows:

The first installment - the Winning Bidder must pay 50 percent of its highest bid price and submit a letter of guarantee, issued by a financial institution operating commercial banking business under the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 (2008), for the remaining of spectrum auction fee within 90 days as from the date it is notified in writing as being a Winning Bidder. The Office of the NBTC will offset the deposit placed by the Winning Bidder from this installment, and each Winning Bidder must completely pay the remaining amount within the specified period;

The second installment - the Winning Bidder must pay a further 25 percent of its highest bid price and submit a letter of guarantee, issued by a financial institution operating commercial banking business under the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 (2008), for the third installment within 15 days after the lapse of 2 years as from the date of the license award. The Office of the NBTC will return the bank guarantee submitted with the first installment within 15 days as from the date of the receipt of the second installment;

The third installment - the Winning Bidder must pay the remaining 25 percent of its highest bid price within 15 days after the lapse of 3 years as from the date of license award. The Office of the NBTC will return the letter of guarantee submitted with the second installment within 15 days as from the date of the receipt of the third installment.

The spectrum auction fee to be paid by each of the Winning Bidder is excluded from tax, other fees and interest as prescribed by law.



In the case that the Licensee fails to make a full payment of the second or third installment within the specified period, the Licensee must pay additional fee equal to the amount of the outstanding spectrum auction fee multiplied by the interest rate of 15 percent per year, calculated daily. In the case that the Licensee fails to pay within the specified period, it will be deemed that the Licensee fail to comply with conditions specified in this Notification and the NBTC may consider suspending or revoking its License.

5.5 Granting of Licenses

5.5.1 Conditions Precedent

Before obtaining the license, the Winning Bidder must fulfill the following requirements within 90 days as from the date it is notified in writing as the Winning Bidder:

1) Pay the first installment of the spectrum auction fee and submit a letter of guarantee, issued by a financial institution operating commercial banking business under the Financial Institutions Business Act B.E. 2551 (2008), to guarantee payment of the second and third installments of spectrum auction fee;

2) If it is found that the necessary documents and information required for granting the applicant of Type Three Telecommunication Business License, as submitted in accordance with Clause 4 of Annex A to the NBTC's Notification Regarding Criteria and Procedure for the Licensing of Spectrum for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz are inaccurate or inadequate, the Winning Bidder must rectify such documents as informed by the Office of the NBTC for completeness and accuracy.

5.5.2 Granting of Licenses

The NTC will issue the 1800 MHz Spectrum License and Type Three Telecommunication Business License to each Winning Bidder after such Winning Bidder has correctly and completely fulfilled the conditions precedent.

5.6 Measures for Restricting Collusive Behaviour

5.6.1 The Applicants are prohibited from any kinds of communication among each other in the nature of exposing or exchanging confidential information, or any information with regard to spectrum licensing, from the date of the application submission until the time of auction result announcement on the day the aution ends.

5.6.2 The Applicant must not conduct any act having the following natures:

1) Mutually agree on a bid with other applicant(s), with an objective to benefit any person to be eligible for the License, thus avoiding a fair bid competition.

2) Give, ask to give or agree to give money or assets or any other benefit to others for an advantage in the auction with an objective to persuade that person to cooperate with any act that will benefit any person to be eligible for the License, or to persuade a person to bid at a high or low price that is obviously an unconventional bid, or to persuade a person not submit a bid or to withdraw a bid or to not become an Applicant or a Bidder in the auction.



3) Coerce others to unwillingly cooperate with any act in a bid, or not to submit a bid, or to withdraw a bid, or have to bid as specified, by violence or threat with any mean, causing others to fear of physical harm to their life, physique, liberty, reputation, or property of the threatened person or third party, until that coerced person does as told.

4) Use deception or any other act to cause others not to have a chance to bid fairly, or to bid mistakenly.

5) Fraudulently submit a bid to the Office of the NBTC with the knowledge that the bid is abnormally high or low and can be obviously perceived as an unconventional bid, having an objective to deprive fair price competition, and the said conduct causes the spectrum auction to derail.

The Applicant must comply with the criteria, period, procedure, and conditions as prescribed in the NBTC's Notification Regarding Criteria and Procedure for the Licensing of Spectrum for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz, and must sign the Bidder's consent letter.



6.1 Auction Methodology

The NTC will open the bid for all lots of 1800 MHz Spectrum to be licensed simultaneously and shall proceed in multiple rounds. The bid price in each round will increase correspondingly (Simultaneous Ascending Bid Auction). A bidder can place bid for a desired lot. The 1800 MHz Spectrum to be auctioned consists of two lots of spectrum.

6.2 Spectrum to be Auctioned and the First Round Price

The spectrum to be auctioned and the first round price depend on the spectrum available for auction as shown in the following table. The first round price will be the sum of the minimum price of the spectrum licensing according to clause 8(2) and (3) of the NBTC's Notification Regarding the Criteria and Procedures for the Licensing of Spectrum for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz and the bid in each round as specified in Section 6.4.1 of Auction rules.

6.2.1 In case of auctioning 2x30 MHz of spectrum, the spectrum to be auctioned and the first round price are as shown in table 6.1 and 6.2:

Spectrum Lot	Frequency Band	Minimum Price (Million Baht)	First Round Price (Million Baht)
Lot 1	1710 – 1725 MHz /	15,912	16,708
	1805 – 1820 MHz		
Lot 2	1725 – 1740 MHz /	15,912	16,708
	1820 – 1835 MHz		

Table 6.1 In case there are more than two bidders:

Table 6.2 In case there are two bidders or fewer:

Spectrum Lot	Frequency Band	Minimum Price (Million Baht)	First Round Price (Million Baht)
Lot 1	1710 – 1725 MHz / 1805 – 1820 MHz	19,890	20,288
Lot 2	1725 – 1740 MHz / 1820 – 1835 MHz	19,890	20,288



6.2.2 In case of auctioning 2x25 MHz of spectrum, the spectrum to be auctioned and the first round price are as shown in table 6.3 and 6.4:

Spectrum Lot	Frequency Band	Minimum Price (Million Baht)	First Round Price (Million Baht)
Lot 1	1710 – 1725 MHz /	19,890	20,288
	1805 – 1820 MHz		
Lot 2	1725 – 1740 MHz /	19,890	20,288
	1820 – 1835 MHz		

Table 6.3 In case there are more than two bidders:

 Table 6.4 In case there are two bidders or fewer:

Spectrum Lot	Frequency Band	Minimum Price (Million Baht)	First Round Price (Million Baht)
Lot 1	1710 – 1722.5 MHz /	13,260	13,923
	1805 – 1817.5 MHz		
Lot 2	1748 – 1760.5 MHz /	13,260	13,923
	1843 – 1855.5 MHz		

In this regard, a bidder can place bid for only one lot in each round.

6.3 Auction Round

The timetable for auction rounds will be announced via auction software. Each round of the auction consists of three stages as follows:

6.3.1 Bidding Stage

Each round of the auction begins with the bidding stage which lasts for 15 minutes. The bidders can place their bids within this 15 minutes period.

6.3.2 Processing Stage

The processing stage will begin after the end of the bidding stage.

6.3.3 Result Reporting Stage

For this result stage, the round result, the bid price of each spectrum lot for the next round, and other information as specified in Section 6.6 will be announced five minutes prior to the beginning of bidding stage in the next round.

6.4 Auction Process

6.4.1 Bid Price in Each Round

1) In the case of auctioning spectrum lots as specified in Section 6.2.1, the bid increment is 796,000,000 Baht. When the bid price in the current bidding round is equal or greater than 19,890,000,000 Baht, the bid increment is 398,000,000 Baht.



In the case that there are two bidders or fewer, the bid increment is 398,000,000 Baht.

2) In the case of auctioning spectrum lots as specified in Section 6.2.2, the bid increment is 663,000,000 Baht. When the bid price in the current bidding round is equal or greater than 16,575,000,000 Baht, the bid increment is 332,000,000 Baht.

In the case that there are two bidders or fewer, the bid increment is 332,000,000 Baht.

If there is no bidder placing bid on a spectrum lot in the previous round, the bid price for such spectrum lot will remain unchanged.

6.4.2 Auction in the First Round

1) All bidders must place bid for a spectrum lot at the price specified by the NTC in Section 6.2.

2) Criteria for assigning a provisional winner for each spectrum lot are shown

in Table 6.5.

 Table 6.5
 Criteria for assigning a provisional winner for each spectrum lot in the first round

In Case of	Criteria
1) Only one bidder places bid.	That bidder will be assigned as the provisional winner.
2) Two or more bidders place bids.	The provisional winner will be randomly assigned to one of the bidders who place bids for the given spectrum lot in that round.
3) There is no bid placed.	No provisional winner will be assigned for the given spectrum lot.

3) In the first round of the auction, the bidders cannot use the waiver. If the bidder does not place bid for any spectrum lot, it will be considered that the bidder does not comply with the auction requirements and its bidder status will be terminated, whereby the NTC reserves the right to forfeit the auction guarantee of that bidder.

6.4.3 Auction in the Second and Subsequent Rounds

1) In each round bid, the bidders are obliged to do the following;

1.1) In the case that the bidder is a provisional winner of any spectrum lot, the bidder can top-up its bid on the spectrum lot which the bidder is a provisional winner. If the bidder does not place bid, it will be deemed that the bidder confirms its existing bid price.

1.2) In the case that the bidder is not a provisional winner of any spectrum lot, the bidder must do either of the following:

- (1) Place bid for a spectrum lot
- (2) Use a waiver

Should the bidder fails to do either option above and has no waiver left, it will be deemed that the bidder no longer has the right to place bid in the subsequent rounds.



2) In the case that the bidder is not the provisional winner and still has waivers, the bidder can choose not to use the waiver. Such bidder will no longer have right to place bid or use the waiver in the subsequent rounds.

3) Criteria for assigning a provisional winner for each spectrum lot are shown in Table 6.6.

Table 6.6 Criteria for assigning a provisional winner for each spectrum lot in the second and subsequent rounds

In Case of	Criteria
1) Only one bidder places bid.	That bidder will be assigned as the provisional winner.
2) Two or more bidders place bids.	The provisional winner will be randomly assigned to
	one of the bidders who place bids for the given
	spectrum lot in that round.
3) There is no bid placed but	a The bidder having provisional winner status remains as
provisional winner is assigned for th	at the provisional winner.
spectrum lot	
4) There is no bid placed for a spectru	m No provisional winner will be assigned for the given
lot which has no provisional winner	spectrum lot.

6.5 Waivers

6.5.1 Each bidder is allowed a maximum of three waivers during the auction. However, in the first round of the auction the bidder cannot use the waiver and must place bid for a spectrum lot. In the second and subsequent rounds, the bidder who is the provisional winner is not allowed to use the waiver.

6.5.2 In the second and subsequent rounds, the bidder who is not the provisional winner and still has waivers left can use a waiver by two means as follows:

1) The bidder requests to use a waiver; or

2) The bidder does not place any bid during the bidding stage, the waiver will be used automatically.

In the case that the bidder is not the provisional winner and still has waivers, the bidder can choose not to use the waiver. Such bidder will no longer have the right to place bid or use the waiver in the subsequent rounds.

6.6 Information Disclosure

In the result reporting stage of each auction round, each bidder will be informed of such information as:

- **6.6.1** Bid price of each spectrum lot in the next round;
- **6.6.2** The number of bids submitted for each spectrum lot in the previous round;
- **6.6.3** The spectrum for which the bidder is assigned as the provisional winner;
- **6.6.4** The number of remaining waivers.



6.7 Termination of a Bidder Status

The bidder will no longer have the right to place bid in the following case:

6.7.1 In the case where a bidder fails to place a bid for any spectrum lot in the first round, it will be considered that such bidder does not comply with the auction requirements and its bidder status will be terminated, whereby the NTC reserves the right to forfeit the auction guarantee of that bidder.

6.7.2 In the second and subsequent rounds, in the case where a bidder who is not a provisional winner in any spectrum lot fails to comply with requirements as described in Section 6.4.3 1) while having no waiver left, it will be deemed that such bidder no longer has right to place bid in the subsequent rounds.

6.7.3 In the second and subsequent rounds, in the case where a bidder who is not a provisional winner and still has waivers choose not to use the waiver. Such bidder will no longer have the right to place bid or use the waiver in the subsequent rounds.

6.8 Conclusion of the Auction

The spectrum auction will be concluded in the round where there is no bidder placed the bid for any spectrum lot and no bidder used the waiver. The provisional winner of each spectrum lot will be deemed as the winning bidder of the given spectrum lot.

The auction process will be concluded after the winning bidders have duly signed in verification of their highest bid prices they have placed and the NBTC announces the auction result on the date which the spectrum auction is concluded.

6.9 Reserved Rights

In the case where there is any force majeur or other necessities that prevents the auction from proceeding normally under the auction rules, the NTC reserves the right to change the format, procedure, methodology and rules of the auction, as well as to cease, suspend or cancel the auction.



Annex A

Application Forms

Appendix A contains the application forms for the Appliant and the Winning Bidder as follows:

1.	Application Forms for the Applicants to be submitted at the application day
	Application Forms for the Applicants
Form 1	Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application
Form 2	Affirmation of the Applicant
Form 3	Ownership and Control Report
Form 4	Persons Entitled to Possess and Access Information of the Applicant for Spectrum License
Form 5	Bidder's Consent Letter

2. Application form for the winning bidder to be submitted within 90 days after receipt of a letter of bid winning confirmation

Application Form for the Winning Bidder	
Form 6	Letter of Bank Guarantee



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

Section 1: Information on the Applicant (Please supply complete details)

1.1	Legal Name of Applicant	
	(Full Legal Name as it app	ears on supporting documents)
1.2		
1.2	Legal Form of Applicant	
	(Check the appropriate ite	ems below and append certified copies)
1.2.1	Limited Private Comp	any
1.2.2	Limited Public Compa	ny
1.3	Address of Applicant	
1.3.1	3.1 Registered Address (As given in the supporting documentation)	
	Address	
	City/Province/Postal	
	Code	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	
	Website	
1.3.2	2 Correspondence Address (If different from item 1.3.1 above. If identical, leave blank.)	
	Address	
	City/Province/Postal	
	Code	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

1.4	Authorized Person(s)	
1.4.1	Authorized Person (1 st Pe	rson)
	Name	
	Title within the	
	Applicant	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	
1.4.2	Authorized Person (2 nd Pe	rson)
	Name	
	Title within the	
	Applicant	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	
1.4.3	Authorized Person (3 rd Pe	rson)
	Name	
	Title within the	
	Applicant	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	
1.5	Contact Person	
1.5.1	Primary Contact Person (designated person for coordination)
	Contact Name	
	Contact Title within the	
	Applicant	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	
1.5.2	Secondary Contact Person unavailable)	ח (designated person for coordination if the Primary Contact Person is
	Contact Name	
	Contact Title within the	
	Applicant	
	Telephone No.	
	Fax No.	
	Email Address	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

Section 2: Documents Supporting License Application

(Check the appropriate items below and append certified copies of the checked documents)

2.1	Documents for the consideration of the applicant's qualifications as prescribed in Clause 5
2.1.1	Documents of the juristic entity
	 Copy of the corporate registration certificate and the memorandum of association Copy of the certificate of corporate seal
	The Articles of Association as registered with the Ministry of Commerce
	Copy of the authorized signatories' identification card and house registration certificate. In the case the authorized signatory is a foreigner, the copy of his or her passport shall be submitted instead
	Document demonstrating or indicating the shareholding information of the Applicant that the Applicant is not a foreigner under the law on foreign business, issued by the Ministry of Commerce for not longer than three months from the issued date and the letter of Thai juristic entity self-certification. The Applicant shall also certify that the Applicant still maintains status of Thai juristic entity on the date of application submission in the case there is changes in shareholding structure which is significantly different from the above- mentioned document demonstrating or indicating the shareholding information
	in case of authorization
	Power of attorney
	copies of the appointer's and appointee's identification cards and house registration certificates
2.1.2	Information supporting the consideration of the qualifications according to the ownership and control requirement (Application Form for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz - Form 3: Ownership and Control Report)
2.1.3	Information on persons entitled to possess and access information of the applicant for 1800 MHz Spectrum License (Application Form for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz - Form 4: Persons Entitled to Possess and Access Information of the Applicant for Spectrum License)
2.1.4	Overview of the business of the Applicant and juristic entities that are parent company, subsidiary company, and associated company of the Applicant, which is currently in operation or is going to be operated (in the case that the company has not yet launch the business). In the case that there are many parent companies, subsidiary companies, and associated companies, the Applicant shall demonstrate the shareholding and ownership structure of the Applicant's group of companies, by explaining in writing, table, diagram, or chart.
2.1.5	Organization structure within the Applicant's company; showing sets of the director together with the responsibilities and name of director, and showing the overall organization chart of the company which include information on important executive



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

	positions by showing names with positions in the level of highest executives of the
	organization, second highest executives in each business department, and executives of
	finance and accounting department.
2.2	
2.2	Necessary documents and information required in granting the applicant of Type Three Telecommunication Business License
2.2.1	
2.2.1	Information of past services and business performance
	[] In the case that the corporate established more than one year
	[] Report on the provision of services of the Applicant for the past 5 years or for the
	years according to the Applicant's juristic entity establishment for years which
	include
	[] Nature and types of services
	[] Users and market shares
	[] Terms and service fees
	[] Service capacity and quality
	[] Scope of services
	[] Security measures for users
	[] Others, such as users' complaints
	[] Revenue structure classified by service types
	[] Analysis or opinions considered beneficial to applicant's financial assessment
	[] Applicant's performance records for the past 5 years or for the years according to the
	Applicant's juristic entity establishment for years
	[] In the case that the corporate established less than one year
	[] Report on financial status and performance of the major shareholders of the juristic
	entity applying for the License over the past three years (if any)
	[] Corporate financial potential information, e.g.,
	[]Credit details approved by financial institutions
	[] Saving bank statements issued by financial institutions
	[] Applicant must declare rights to benefits from assets relating to licensed
	telecommunications business, concession or contract by CAT Telecom Company Limited
	and TOT Company Limited or other government agencies
	[] Others include
2.2.2	Information on future service and investment plans
	[] Service plans which include
	[] Nature and categories of services applying for license
	[] Construction and system installation plans
	[] Service offering plan of services applying for license
	[] Marketing and competition policy and analysis
	[] Scope of services
	[] Service capacity and quality
	[] Applicant's service development plan
	[] Plan to ensure uninterrupted services, for example, user complaints service
	[] Others includes
	I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service

in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

	[] Investment and capital mobilization plans which include
	[] Executives' expertise
	[] Funding sources
	[] Financial projection parameters
	[] Financial projection
	[] Estimate of project's net present value, Return On Investment (ROI) and
	payback period
	[] Sensitivity analysis
	[] Possible operating risk factors
	[] Applicant's business development plan
	[] Investment benefits on domestic industry and overall economy
	[] Others include
2.2.3	Information on applicant's financial status
2.2.5	
	[] In the case that the corporate established more than one year, the Applicant shall submit
	documents for the consideration for the past 5 years or for the years according to the
	Applicant's juristic entity establishment, as the case may be, which include
	[] Audited Financial Report over the past 5 years or for the years according to the
	Applicant's juristic entity establishment for years, which include balance sheet,
	income statement, and cash flow statement
	[] Analysis or opinion considered beneficial to applicant's financial assessment that
	indicating the following financial ratios
	[] Liquidity ratios
	[] Profitability ratios
	[] Efficiency ratios
	[] Financial policy ratios
	[] Others include
	[] In the case that the corporate established more than one year, the Applicant shall submit
	documents for the consideration as follows
	[] Report on financial status and performance of the major shareholders of the juristic
	entity applying for the License over the past three years (if any)
	[] Corporate financial potential information, e.g.,
	[] Credit details approved by financial institutions
	[] Saving bank statement issued by financial institutions
	[] Others include
2.2.4	Technical and technological information
	[] Specify service area
	[] Application for telecommunications number assignment
	[] Technical Specifications
	[] Network Architecture
	[] Network Configurations
	[] Network Elements
	[] Information on usage and status of telecommunications network indicating details on



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

	frequencies, locations, routes for access and interconnections of the telecommunications network [] Technological standards employment, system design and technical specifications of radiocommunications stations [] Others include
2.2.5	Related service information [] Proposal on emergency or disaster measures [] Reference interconnection and access offer [] Others include

Applicant's Affirmation in the Application Submission

1)	We hereby certify that we have read and understood the criteria and procedure under the
	Notification of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission regarding the
	Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the
	Frequency Band of 1800 MHz, and agree to comply unconditionally with all provisions
	prescribed therein.
2)	We hereby certify that all information filled in this Application Form and accompanying
	supporting documents are true and complete in all respects.
3)	If it is subsequently found that we have failed to meet any of the qualifications or have forged
	the document/s or given false statement/s in order to be approved by the Commission as
	qualified Applicant, we agree to have our License revoked or terminated forthwith by the
	Commission.
4)	We agree that information shown in this document will be used in consideration of the 1800
	MHz Spectrum Licensing only, and the Office shall reserve the right to submit the said
	information to the third party who is assigned by the Office to assess the information in
	accordance with the criteria and procedure for 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing and other
	relevant criteria.

Signature Authorized person acting for the corporate (1 st Person)	
()	
Date/Month/Year	
Signature Authorized person acting for the corporate (2 nd Person)	
()	
Date/Month/Year	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 1: Applicant Information and Documents Supporting License Application

Signature Authorized person acting for the corporate (3rd Person)

(.....)

Date/Month/Year



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 2: Affirmation of the Licensee

1.	Legal Name of Applicant	
	(Full Legal Name as it appears on supporting documents)	
2.	We, hereby, certify that we fully possess the Applicant's qualifications prescribed in Clause 5 of the Commission's Notification Regarding the Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz, as follows:	
2.1	being a juristic person in the type of a limited company or public limited company established under Thai law.	
2.2	 having the qualifications as stipulated in Section 8 of the Telecommunications Business act B.E.2544 (2001) and its amendment as follows: 	
	[] not being a foreigner under the law on foreign business.	
	[] The Applicant shall prescribe the prohibitions in accordance with the Commission's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions on Acts Constituting Foreign Dominance B.E. 2012 (2555) together with affirmation sign by authorized signatory that the Applicant shall not conduct any act that is contrary to any of the prescribed prohibitions.	
	[] not being a bankrupt.	
	[] never have a telecommunications business license revoked.	
	[] the directors, managers or persons in authority of the applicant shall not be a person sentenced by a final judgement for an offence committed under this Act, or under the law on telegraph and telephone, the law on radiocommunication or the law on consumer protection during two years period prior to the date of submitting the application.	
	[] have an investment plan and efficient telecommunications service plan.	
	[] possess the qualifications and shall not be under any prohibition prescribed by the Commission for the application of Type Three Telecommunications Business License under Section 7 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001) and its amendments.	
2.3	having the qualifications and shall not possess the prohibited characteristics as prescribed in Clause 3 of the National Telecommunications Commission's Notification Regarding Criteria and Procedure for Granting Type Three Telecommunications Business License as follows:	
	[] Being a juristic person registered under the Thai law.	
	[] Not being placed under a receivership or reorganization order by a court under the	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 2: Affirmation of the Licensee

	We have prescribed the prohibitions for the act having nature of foreign dominance and certify that shall not conduct any act that that is contrary to any of the prescribed prohibitions, as specified in the Commission's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions for Acts Constituting Foreign Dominance B.E. 2012 (2555). Herewith, we append prohibitions for the act having nature of foreign dominance in which our juristic entity has prescribed in accordance with all clauses of guidelines specified in the annex to
3.	The affirmation of the prohibitions for the act having nature of foreign dominance
2.4	have no connection with other Applicant(s) by means of being the major shareholder, subsidiary company, associated company or person in authority or a controlled entity or related entity or have cross-shareholding with other Applicant(s). An exception shall be made in the case of being related due to relationship as the entity who grants or is granted authorization, concession or contract under Section 80 of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001), whereby the consideration shall be in accordance with the provisions in Clause 2 of the National Telecommunications Commission's Notification regarding Criteria and Method of Merger & Acquisition and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunication Business B.E. 2553 (2010).
	[] License applicants, directors, managers or individuals with competent authority for the management of applicants' business shall never have been convicted by a court judgment, during the two-year period prior to the application submission date, for violation of the Competition Law, Information Law or Intellectual Property Law, and shall not have committed basic offences under the Money Laundering Control law or any offences related to the officials under the Criminal Code and offences relating to the law on government project bidding or any other offences under the organic law on corruption prevention and suppression.
	[] The directors, managers or individuals responsible for the operation of the applicant corporate shall not have been in charge of similar duties for any corporate whose telecommunication business license had been revoked by the Commission.
	[] The directors, managers or individuals responsible for the operation of the applicant corporate shall not be a person on the Stock Exchange of Thailand's list of unsuitable administrators pursuant to its regulations.
	[] Not having been sentenced and having his or her property confiscated by a court order, whatsoever, for the execution of a judgment by provisions of the Civil Procedure Law on the execution of judgments by a court verdict or court order.
	bankruptcy law, resulting in an appointment of creditor or third party to replace the original board of directors; and not being a person undergoing insolvency process or having been sentenced in a court of law.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 2: Affirmation of the Licensee

	the Commission's Notification regarding the Prescription of Prohibitions for the Act having Nature of Foreign Dominance B.E. 2012 (2555) and signed by authorized signatory that we shall not conduct any act that is contrary to any of the prescribed prohibitions.
4.	The affirmation in accordance with measures for restricting the collusion behaviour
4.1	 We hereby certify that we, our representatives and relating parties shall comply with the following rules: The Applicants shall be prohibited from any kinds of communication among each other in the nature of exposing or exchanging confidential information, or any information with regard to spectrum licensing, from the date of the application submission until the time of auction result announcement on the day the auction ends. The Applicant shall not conduct any act having the following natures: Mutually agree on a bid with other applicant(s), with an objective to benefit any person to be eligible for the License, thus avoiding a fair bid competition; Give, ask to give or agree to give money or assets or any other benefit to others for an advantage in the auction with an objective to persuade that person to cooperate with any act that shall benefit any person to be eligible for the License, on to bid at a high or low price that is obviously an unconventional bid, or to persuade a person not submit a bid or to withdraw a bid or to not become an Applicant or a Bidder in the auction; Coerce others to unwillingly cooperate with any act in a bid, or not to submit a bid, or not to submit a bid, or to withdraw a bid, or have to bid as specified, by violence or threat with any mean, causing others to fear of physical harm to their life, physique, liberty, reputation, or property of the threatened person or third party, until that coerced person does as told; Use deception or any other act to cause others not to have a chance to bid fairly, or to bid mistakenly; Fraudulently submit a bid to the Office with the knowledge that the bid is abnormally high or low and can be obviously perceived as an unconventional bid, having an objective to deprive fair price competition, and the said conduct causes the spectrum auction to derail.
5.	The affirmation on the preparation of the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plan
	We hereby certify that when obtained a Spectrum License, we agree to prepare and act in accordance with the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) plan as approved by the Commission



Application Form

Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 2: Affirmation of the Licensee

Applicant's Affirmation in the Application Submission

1)	We hereby certify that we have read and understood the criteria and procedure under the
	Notification of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission regarding the
	Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency
	Band of 1800 MHz, and agree to comply unconditionally with all provisions prescribed therein.
2)	We hereby certify that all information filled in this Application Form and accompanying
	supporting documents are true and complete in all respects.
3)	If it is subsequently found that we have failed to meet any of the qualifications or have forged
	the document/s or given false statement/s in order to be approved by the Commission as
	qualified Applicant, we agree to have our License revoked or terminated forthwith by the
	Commission.
4)	We agree that information shown in this document will be used in consideration of the 1800
	MHz Spectrum Licensing only, and the Office shall reserve the right to submit the said
	information to the third party who is assigned by the Office to assess the information in
	accordance with the criteria and procedure for 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing and other
	relevant criteria.

Signaturefor the corporate (1 st Person)
()
Date/Month/Year
Signature Authorized person acting for the corporate (2 nd Person)
()
Date/Month/Year
Signature
()
Date/Month/Year



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

1.	Legal Name of Applicant (Full Legal Name as it appears on supporting documents)						
2.	Proportion of Shareholding in the Applicant						
2.1	First-Tier Shareholder (Shareholder of the Applicant)						
	 Please specify names of the shareholders, their shareholding proportion and voting share proportion. Shareholdings each of less than 1% might be aggregated as 'others' and are not to be individually specified. Note that the ownership percentages given below must add up to 100%. The information given here must be consistent with the supporting documents filed. Where there are discrepancies thereof, please provide written explanation and attach applicable documentation with your application. 						
	2) The voting shares shall include the shares held by related parties by using the definition of 'Related Parties of the Licensee' under the Notification of the NTC regarding Criteria and Procedure for Mergers and Cross-shareholdings in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (12), as the explanation for the term 'Related Parties of the Applicant'.						
	"Related Parties of the Applicant" refer to the following persons or partnerships related to the shareholder of the Applicant:						
	(1) Spouse of the said shareholder; or						
	(2) Minor child of the said shareholder; or						
	(3) Ordinary partnership of which the said shareholder or person in (1) or (2) is a partner; or						
	(4) Limited partnership of which the said shareholder or person in (1) or (2) is a partner with unlimited liability or a partner with limited liability altogether holding 30% or more of total shares of that limited partnership; or						
	(5) Limited company or limited public company in which the said shareholder or person in (1) or (2) or partnership in (3) or (4) altogether hold 30% or more of total paid-up shares of that company; or						
	(6) Limited company or limited public company in which the said shareholder or person in (1) or (2) or partnership in (3) or (4) or company in (5) altogether hold 30% or more of total paid-up shares of that company; or						
	(7) Juristic entity in which the said shareholder has the management power in capacity as its representative.						
	3) The major shareholder of the Applicant means the shareholder of the Applicant in the amount of 10% or more of the Applicant's total voting shares, including the shares held by related parties of the Applicant.						

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

	First-Tier Shareholder [Full name as appearing in the supporting	Ownership [% (2 decimal digits)]			
	documents]	Total Shares	Voting Shares Including Shares Held by Related Parties		
2.1.1					
2.1.2					
2.1.3					
2.1.4					
2.1.5					
2.1.6					
2.1.7					
2.1.8					
Total		100%	100%		



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

2.2 Second-Tier Shareholder (Shareholder of the First-Tier Shareholder)

In case the first-tier shareholder is a juristic entity and holds shares or voting shares, including the shares held by related parties of the Applicant, in the amount of 10% or more of total shares or total voting rights, please provide details of shareholders of the said first-tier shareholder, using the instruction given in Table 2.1

	First-Tier Shareholder		Second-Tier Shareholder	Ownership [% (2 decimal digits)]		
	[as specified in 2.1]		(for total shares)			
	For Total Shares	For Voting Shares Including		Total shares	Voting Shares Including	
		Shares Held by Related Parties			Shares Held by Related	
					Parties	
2.2.1						
2.2.2						
2.2.3						
2.2.4						
2.2.5						
2.2.6						
2.2.7						
2.2.8						
[Please add	l as many additional rows as	required to fully fill the information.]				



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

2.3 First-Tier Shareholder (Shareholder of the Applicant)

Please specify names of the shareholders, their ownership proportion, which shall include shares held by the related parties of the shareholders, and their voting share proportion. Shareholdings each of less than 1% might be aggregated as 'others' and are not to be individually specified. Note that the ownership percentages given below must add up to 100%.

	First-Tier Shareholder [based on ownership proportion]	Type of Business/Occupation	Ownership [% (2 decimal digits)]		
			Total Shares Including	Total Shares Including Shares	
			Shares Held by Related	Held by Related Parties	
			Parties		
2.3.1					
2.3.2					
2.3.3					
2.3.4					
2.3.5					
2.3.6					
2.3.7					
2.3.8					
2.3.9					
2.3.10					
[Please a	dd as many additional rows as required to fully state applica	nt's current ownership.]			
Total			100%	100%	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

2.4	Second-Tier Sha	Second-Tier Shareholder (Shareholder of the First-Tier Shareholder)								
In	In case the first-tier shareholder is a juristic entity and holds shares, including the shares held by related parties, in the amount of 50% or more of total									
share	shares, including shares held by related parties, of the Applicant or holds voting shares in the amount of 50% or more of total voting rights in the Applicant,									
pleas	e provide details o	f shareholders of the said f	irst-tier shareholde	r, using the instruct	ion given in Table 2.3.					
	First	First-Tier Shareholder Second-Tier Shareholder Ownership								
	[4	As listed in 2.3]		(For total shares	5)	[% (2 decimal digits)]				
	Based on	Based on Voting Right	Based on	Based on	Based on Voting	Based on	Based on Ownership			
	Ownership	Proportion	Ownership	Ownership	Right Proportion	Ownership	Proportion			
	Proportion		Proportion	Proportion		Proportion				
2.4.	1									
2.4.	2									
2.4.	3									
2.4.	4									
2.4.	5									
2.4.	6									
2.4.	7									
[Pleas	[Please add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.]									





Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

2.5	Third-Tier Shareholder (S	hareholder of the Second-	Tier Shareholder)					
In	In case the second-tier shareholder is a juristic entity and holds shares, including the shares held by related parties, in the amount of 50% or more of total							
shares	s, including shares held by r	elated parties, of the first-t	tier shareholder or	r holds voting shares	in the amount of 50)% or more of total v	oting rights in the	
first-ti	er shareholder, please prov	vide details of shareholders	of the said second	l-tier shareholder, usi	ng the instruction g	iven in Table 2.3.		
	Second-Tie	er Shareholder		Third-Tier Sharehold	er	Owne	ership	
	[As list	[As listed in 2.4]					[% (2 decimal digits)]	
	Based on Ownership Based on Voting Right		Based on	Based on Based on Voting Type		Total Shares	% of Voting	
	Proportion	Proportion	Ownership	Right Proportion	Business/Occup	Including Shares	Shares Owned to	
			Proportion		ation	Held by Related	Total Voting	
						Parties	Rights	
2.5.2	1							
2.5.2	2							
2.5.3	3							
2.5.4	1							
2.5.5	5							
2.5.6	5							
[Pleas	e add as many additional ro	ows as required to fully fill t	he information.]				•	





Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

Note:

- 1. In case any third-tier shareholder is a juristic entity and holds shares, including the shares held by related parties, in the amount of 50% or more in the third-tier shareholder, or holds voting shares in the amount of 50% or more in the third-tier shareholder, please provide details of shareholders of the third-tier shareholder, adhering to Table 2.4 mutatis mutandis.
- 2. In case any shareholder of the shareholder in the subsequent tiers holds shares, including the shares held by related parties, in the amount of 50% or more of total shares, or holds voting shares in the amount of 50% or more of total voting rights, the Applicant must provide details of shareholders, adhering to Table 2.4, of all subsequent tiers of the shareholders with the shareholding, including the shares held by related parties, of 50% or more of total shares, or voting shares in the amount of 50% or more of total voting rights.
- 3. The type of business or occupation shall be disclosed at least through to the third-tier shareholder. For individual persons, their occupation shall be disclosed on a best efforts basis.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.	Relationship with other juristic entities					
3.1	Cross-shareholding with Other Entities					
Cr	oss-shareholding refers to the Applicant having cross-shareholding with other two entities or more for the purpose of creating a business alliance or a					
corpo	rate structure of such company, partnership or juristic entity, particularly by way of one company having a major ownership in another entities or by					
way o	f a network of businesses with a company, partnership or entity controlling the financial management policy.					
Th	e cross-shareholding as in the first paragraph must be the shareholding that causes one entity to have control over the other company, irrespective of the					
amou	nt of the cross-shareholding, whereby such control may be acquired either directly or indirectly in an unbroken chain of shareholding or control of					
other	entities through to the entity that is a shareholder of the other entity that is controlled.					
Th	e control of the Applicant in another entity shall include:					
1)	The Applicant holding shares totaling 50% or more of total voting rights of, in case of direct control, the immediate controlled entity or, in case of indirect control, the intermediate controlled entity acquired by an unbroken chain of ownership through to the entity that is a shareholder of the immediate controlled entity; or					
2)	2) The Applicant nominating or likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the management or operation of the controlled entity or the entity acquired by an unbroken chain of ownership through to the entity that is a shareholder of the controlled entity.					
	*Pursuant to the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (8).					

proportion of the cross-shareholding, and type of business of the entities with cross-shareholding. The Applicant must certify as to whether it acquires control in any other entity/ies.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

	Name of Entities in		Details of Cross-Shareholding					Control in Juristic Entity	
	Which the Applicant	Nature of	Nature of Ownership		% of Voting Shares Owned to		[Based on definition of cross-		
	Acquires Cross-	Cross-	[% (2 decimal digits)]		Total Voting Rights		shareholding in Clause 2]		
	Shareholding Directly	Shareholding			[% (2 decir	nal digits)]	(Check (✔) wh	ere applicable)	
	and Indirectly	(Direct or	Applicant's	(A)'s	Applicant's	(A)'s	Director	Likelihood of	
	(A)	Indirect)	Ownership in	Ownership in	Ownership in	Ownership in	Nomination	Director	
			(A)	the Applicant	(A)	the Applicant		Nomination	
3.1.1									
3.1.2									
3.1.3									
3.1.4									
3.1.5									
3.1.6									
3.1.7									
3.1.8									
3.1.9									
3.1.10									
3.1.11									
[Please ac	dd as many additional rows	as required to fu	lly state applica	nt's current own	ership.]				



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.2 Subsidiary Company of the Applicant

Subsidiary company of the Applicant refers to:

- 1) A juristic entity in which the Applicant holds 50% or more of total voting shares of that entity;
- 2) A juristic entity in which the entity in 1) holds 50% or more of total voting shares of that entity;
- 3) A juristic entity acquired in an unbroken chain of ownership, starting with the shareholding by juristic entity in (9.2) in another entity, whereby the amount of shareholding in each tier is 50% or more of total voting shares of the acquired entity;
- 4) A juristic entity in which the Applicant or the entities in 1), 2) or 3) hold, directly or indirectly, an aggregate of 50% or more of total voting shares of the acquired entity;
- 5) A juristic entity in which the Applicant or the entities in 1), 2), 3) or 4) have control over the financial and operational policy in order to reap benefits from activities of that entity.

The ownership of the Applicant or the entities in 1), 2), 3) or 4) shall include the shares held by related parties.

* Pursuant to the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (9).

Declaration of Information The Applicant shall provide details of the subsidiary company in terms of the nature of business of the subsidiary company or the proportion of the voting shareholding, or the nature of relationship defining it as a subsidiary company of the Applicant, or the level of control through director nomination or likelihood of director nomination.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

	Name [Subsidiary company as defined]	Type of Business [Description of	% of Voting Shares Held [2 decimal digits]		uristic Entity ere applicable)
	dennedj	business]	or Relationship	Director Nomination	Likelihood of Director Nomination
3.2.1					
3.2.2					
3.2.3					
3.2.4					
3.2.5					
3.2.6					
3.2.7					
3.2.8					
3.2.9					
3.2.10					
[Please ad	d as many additional rows as req	uired to fully fill the inform	nation.]		·



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.3 Associated Company of the Applicant

Associated company of the Applicant refers to:

1) A juristic entity in which the Applicant or its subsidiary company holds an aggregate of 20% but not exceeding 50% of total voting shares of that entity;

2) A juristic entity in which the Applicant or its subsidiary company has power to participate in decision-making on the financial and operational policy, but not to the extent to control the said policy, and which is not deemed as a subsidiary company or a joint venture company.

The shareholding of the Applicant or the subsidiary company shall include the shares held by related parties.

* Pursuant to the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (10).

Declaration of Information The Applicant shall provide details of the associated company in terms of the nature of business of the associated company, or the proportion of the shareholding, or the nature of relationship defining it as an associated company of the Applicant, or the level of control through director nomination or likelihood of director nomination.

	Name	Type of Business	% of Voting Shares Held	Control in Ju	iristic Entity
	[Full name as appearing in the	[Description of business]	[2 decimal digits]	(Check (✔) whe	ere applicable)
	supporting documents]		or Relationship	D : .	
				Director	Likelihood of
				Nomination	Director
					Nomination
3.2.1					
3.2.2					
3.2.3					
[Please ad	dd as many additional rows as req	uired to fully state applicant	's current ownership.]		



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4	Connected Transaction						
(("Connected Transaction" refere to the definition of "Denorm with connected to the Analisent" Denormal to the NTC Netification recording						

"Connected Transaction" refers to the definition of "Person with competent authority of the Applicant" Pursuant to the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (13).

"Person with competent authority of the Applicant" refers to a shareholder or other person who, by his conduct, has material influence on the policy making, management or operation of the Applicant, whether or not such influence arises from his shareholding or authority delegated to him under an agreement or any other act, including particularly a person falling under any of the following characteristics:

- 1. Person having vote rights, either directly or indirectly, in an amount of 25% or more of total voting shares of the Applicant;
- 2. Person who, by his conduct, can control the appointment or removal of director/s of the Applicant;
- 3. Person who, by his conduct, can control the person in charge of the policy making, management or operation of the Applicant to act according to his order in relation to the policy making, management or operation of the Applicant;
- 4. Person, who by his conduct, undertakes, or is responsible for, the operation of the Applicant similar to an executive, including person in a position with power and duty similar to such person of the Applicant.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

	1	lame of Juristic Entities in Which the Applicant Directly	Owns Shares	
Name of Juristic Entities in Which the Applicant Directly Owns Shares		% of Shares Owned to Total Shares Including Shares Held by Related Parties (Specify every level of shareholding by the Applicant)	% of Voting Shares Owned to Total Voting Rig (Only in case of the Applicant holding shares and rights for 50% or more of total voting rights	

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4.2	Applicant indi	rectly owns shares in a juri	stic entity which is a limi	ted public company and a	limited company.	
Juristic	Entities in Which	the Applicant Owns 50%	Juristic Entities in Whi	ch First-Tier Shareholder	Juristic Entities in Whic	n Second-Tier Shareholde
	or More of Total	Shares (First Tier)	Owns 50% or More of 1	Total Shares (Second Tier)	Owns 50% or More of	Total Shares (Third Tier)
	Name % Ownership		Name	% Ownership	Name	% Ownership
		(Including shares held		(Including shares held		(Including shares held
		by related parties)		by related parties)		by related parties)
1.			1.		1.	
					2.	
			2.		1.	
					2.	
2.			1.		1.	
					2.	
			2.		1.	
					2.	

Note: Where the Applicant owns shares through intermediate entities in an unbroken chain beyond the third tier, please give details of all tiers through to the tier that lastly reflects the ownership of 50% or more of the entity in the immediately preceding tier.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4.3	Applicant in	directly owns shares and vot	ing rights in a juristic er	ntity which is a limited public	c company and a limited	company.
Juristic Entities in Which the Applicant Owns Shares and Voting Rights for 50% or More of Total Voting Rights (First Tier)			Juristic Entities in Which First-Tier Shareholder Owns Shares and Voting Rights for 50% or More of Total Voting Rights (Second Tier)		Juristic Entities in Which Second-Tier Sharehold Owns Shares and Voting Rights for 50% or More of Total Voting Rights (Third Tier)	
	Name	% Voting Rights Owned to Total Voting Rights	Name	% Voting Rights Owned to Total Voting Rights	Name	% Voting Rights Owned to Total Voting Rights
1.			1.		1.	
					2.	
			2.		1.	
					2.	
2.			1.		1.	
					2.	
			2.		1.	
					2.	

[Please add as many additional rows as required to fully state applicant's current ownership.] **Note:** Where the Applicant owns shares and voting rights through intermediate entities in an unbroken chain beyond the third tier, please give details of all tiers through to the tier that lastly reflects the ownership and voting rights of 50% or more of the entity in the immediately preceding tier.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4.4	Applicant nominates or	r is likely to nominate a significant numb	per of directors to control the management or operation of a juristic entity which					
	is a limited public company and a limited company.							
Juristic	entities which are a limited	d public company and a limited compan	y and in which the Applicant nominates or is likely to nominate a significant					
numbei	[•] of directors to control the	e management or operation						
Ν	Name of Juristic Entity Name of Individual Person Nature of Management or Operational Control by Such Person							
[Please	add as many additional rov	vs as required to fully fill the information	.]					

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4.5	Applicant nominates	or is likely to nomi	nate a significant	number of direct	ors to control the	management or o	peration of a jur	istic entity which
i	is a limited public company and a limited company connected in an unbroken chain of ownership							
Juristic entity in which the Applicant owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the			Juristic entity in which the first-tier shareholder owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to			Juristic entity in which the second-tier shareholder owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of		
	management or oper	ration	control the	e management oi	operation	directors to control the management or operation		
	(First Tier)		(Second Tier)			(Third Tier)		
Name o	f Name of	Position/Condu	Name of	Name of	Position/Cond	Name of	Name of	Position/Cond
Juristic Ent	ity Individual	ct	Juristic Entity	Individual	uct	Juristic Entity	Individual	uct
	Person			Person			Person	
1.			1.			1.		
						2.		
			2.			1.		
						2.		
[Please add	as many additional ro	ws as required to f	ully fill the inform	ation.]	•	1		1

Note: Where the Applicant owns shares through intermediate entities in an unbroken chain beyond the third tier, please give details of all tiers through to the last tier.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

3.4.6	Person with competent authority of the Applicant owns shares c company.	lirectly in a juristic entity which is a limited public company and a limited
	Person with competent authority of the Applicant	Description of person with competent authority of the Applicant (As defined in the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553 (2010), Clause 2 (13)
1) 2) 3) 4) [Please	add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.]	1. Person who has voting rights, directly or indirectly, in an amount of 25% or more of total voting shares of the Applicant
1) 2) 3) 4) [Please	add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.]	2. Person who, by his conduct, can control the appointment or removal of director/s of the Applicant

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

Person with competent authority of the Applicant	Description of person with competent authority of the Applicant
	(As defined in the NTC Notification regarding Criteria and Procedure for
	Merger and Cross-Shareholding in Telecommunications Business B.E. 2553
	(2010), Clause 2 (13)
1)	3. Person who, by his conduct, can control the person in charge of the
2)	policy making, management or operation of the Applicant to act according
3)	to his order in relation to the policy making, management or operation of
4)	the Applicant
[Please add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.]	
1)	4. Person, who by his conduct, undertakes, or is responsible for, the
2)	operation of the Applicant similar to an executive, including person in a
3)	position with power and duty similar to such person of the Applicant
4)	
[Please add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.]	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

Person with competent authority of the Applicant		Juristic entity in which the person with competent authority of the Applicant nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the management or operation				
		Name of juristic entity	Name of individual person	Likelihood of management or operational control		
1.		1.				
		2.				
2.		1.				
		2.				
3.		1.				
		2.				
4.		1.				
		2.				
5.		1.				
		2.				
6.		1.				
		2.				



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

ownership Person with competent authority of the Applicant		Juristic entity in which person with competent authority of the Applicant owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the management or		Juristic entity in which the first-tier shareholder owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the management or operation		Juristic entity in which the second-tier shareholder owns shares and nominates or is likely to nominate a significant number of directors to control the management or operation				
		о	peration First Tier)	0	-	cond Tier)		-	hird Tier)	
		Name of Juristic	Name of	Position/	Name of Juristic	Name of	Position/	Name of Juristic	Name of	Position/
		Entity	Individual	Conduct	Entity	Individual	Conduct	Entity	Individual	Conduct
			Person			Person			Person	
1.		1.			1.			1.		
								2.		
					2.			1.		
								2.		
		2.			1.			1.		
								2.		
					2.			1.		
								2.		

[Please add as many additional rows as required to fully fill the information.] Note: Where the Applicant owns shares through intermediate entities in an unbroken chain beyond the third tier, please give details of all tiers through to the last tier.



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 3 Ownership and Control Report

4. Applicant's Affirmation in the Application Submission		
1)	We hereby certify that we have read and understood the criteria and procedure under the Notification of the National Broadcasting and	
	Telecommunications Commission regarding the Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency	
	Band of 1800 MHz, and agree to comply unconditionally with all provisions prescribed therein.	
2)	We hereby certify that all information filled in this Application Form and accompanying supporting documents are true and complete in all respects.	
3)	If it is subsequently found that we have failed to meet any of the qualifications or have forged the document/s or given false statement/s in order to	
	be approved by the Commission as qualified Applicant, we agree to have our License revoked or terminated forthwith by the Commission.	
4)	We agree that information shown in this document will be used in consideration of the 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing only, and the	
	Office shall reserve the right to submit the said information to the third party who is assigned by the Office to assess the information in	
	accordance with the criteria and procedure for 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing and other relevant criteria.	
Sig	gnature Authorized person acting for the corporate (2 nd Person)	
	()	
Dat	e/Month/Year	
Sig	gnature Authorized person acting for the corporate (3 rd Person)	
	()	
Dat	e/Month/Year	
Sigr	nature Authorized person acting for the corporate (2nd Person)	
	()	
Dat	e/Month/Year	

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 4: Persons Entitled to Possess and Access Information of the Applicant for Spectrum License

1.	Legal N	ame of Applicant (Full	Legal Name as it appe	ears on supporting docu	iments)
2	Author				
2.	Author	ized Persons			
	State here all persons whom the Applicant has authorized to have access to non-publi information about any aspect of the Applicant's participation in the award process, includin but not limited to the auction process.				-
	Note that this listing must include persons not employed by, or not holding formal position with the Applicant, such as accountants, auditors, financial advisors and the like, where such persons are authorized recipients of non-public information on the Applicant's participation in the 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing.				
		Name	Occupation	Role	Organization
		(full name of	(state primary	(functional role in	(full organization or
		individual)	occupation)	bid)	entity name if not
					Applicant)
	1)				
	2)				
	3)				
	4)				
	5)				
	6)				
	7)				
	8)				
	9)				
	10)				

I hereby certify that all above information is true in all respects. Signature



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 4: Persons Entitled to Possess and Access Information of the Applicant for Spectrum License

3.	Documents Attached
3.1	Please append certified copies of the following documents of each authorized person
	 Power of attorney
	 copies of the appointer's and appointee's identification cards and house registration
	certificates
4.	Applicant's Affirmation in the Application Submission
1)	We hereby certify that we have read and understood the criteria and procedure under the
	Notification of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission regarding the
	Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency
	Band of 1800 MHz, and agree to comply unconditionally with all provisions prescribed therein.
2)	We hereby certify that all information filled in this Application Form and accompanying
	supporting documents are true and complete in all respects.
3)	If it is subsequently found that we have failed to meet any of the qualifications or have forged
	the document/s or given false statement/s in order to be approved by the Commission as
	qualified Applicant, we agree to have our License revoked or terminated forthwith by the
	Commission.
4)	We agree that information shown in this document will be used in consideration of the 1800
	MHz Spectrum Licensing only, and the Office shall reserve the right to submit the said
	information to the third party who is assigned by the Office to assess the information in
	accordance with the criteria and procedure for 1800 MHz Spectrum Licensing and other
	relevant criteria.
	Signaturefor the corporate (1 st Person)
	()
	Date/Month/Year
	Signature
	()
	Date/Month/Year
	Signature
	()
	Date/Month/Year



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 5: Consent Letter of Applicant

Consent Letter of Applicant

To be in accordance with Section 45 of the Act on Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010) and the Notification of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission Re: Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz ("Notification") which requires the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission ("the Commission") to determine and define rules governing the granting of license by means of Auction method, to conduct the Auction properly with transparent management of information, and to assign the national telecommunications resource to meet the benefit of public interest and to ensure free and fair competition, the Commission has therefore prepared a consent letter of Applicant to set out appropriate practices for the Applicant as follows:

Clause 1 Persons obliged by the consent letter

Persons to be obliged by this consent letter are the Applicant which include representatives, persons entitled to possess and access information, as well as the Applicant's related persons regardless of the nature of relationship between the Applicant and related persons. The said relationship may be implicit or explicit, in written or unwritten form. The Applicant shall, subject to this consent letter, be responsible for any act conducted by the said persons, e.g. staff, employees and consultants of the Applicant.

Clause 2 Confidential Information

2.1 Confidential information according to this consent letter shall mean:

- a) Information relating to Auction value;
- b) Information relating to price;

c) Information relating to business operations plan, network deployment plan, policy, information relating to financial status, marketing and cost, operating plan as well as cost of regulatory assessment;

d) Technical information, e.g. type of networks, equipments, sources, manufacturing location, distributors, transaction price, market price and information relating to intellectual property;

e) Information relating to personnel, personnel recruitment, personnel duties and list of persons related to the Auction;

f) Any other information or behavior, whether tangible or intangible, that relates to a proposal, setting of a bid price, production cost, assets list, budget, or any other information that directly or indirectly relates to a bid price;

g) Any other information or behavior that, if revealed or taken, partially or wholly, will or may affect the Applicant's Auction valuation or well-functioning of Auction, e.g. information relating to public order measures, personnel list or characteristics of the Applicant including persons related to the Auction.

2.2 The information confidentiality set forth in this section shall be valid and effective from the date of the application submission until the time of auction result announcement on the day of auction ends.

Clause 3 Restrictions on anti-collusion behavior

3.1 All Bidders are prohibited from any contact, communicating, collaborating, consulting, disclosing, exchanging or entering into contract or agreement in any form, including an attempted conduct of such behaviors, whether it be in writing, signaling or by verbal communication both directly and indirectly, one-way (unilateral) or multilateral way, between persons or related persons who are not the same party of the Applicant which may restrict or reduce competition in the 1800 MHz Spectrum License Auction.

3.2 Apart from requirements in this consent letter, the persons obliged by this consent letter shall also be subject to the Act on Offences Relating to the Submission of Bids to State Agencies B.E. 2542 (1999) in the event that any behavior prohibited under the said Act is found.

3.3 Restrictions on anti-collusion behavior in this section shall be valid and effective from the date of the application submission until the time of auction result announcement on the day of auction ends.

Clause 4 Compliance with the criteria, duration, method and conditions of the Notification

The Applicant shall strictly comply with the criteria, duration, method and conditions prescribed in the Notification.

Clause 5 Liability

5.1 In the event that there is an act or omission of an act that breaches the requirements in this consent letter, the Commission reserves the right to disqualify and forfeit the Auction guarantee or require full indemnity of damages or expenses used in its operations to issue the 1800 MHz Spectrum License by the Auction, including expenses occurring in case re-auction is required.

Persons according to Clause 1 shall grant consent to deduct damages or the said expenses from the Auction guarantee to compensate expenses incurred or any other damages owed to the Commission.

5.2 In the event that a Winning Bidder fails to comply with Clause 8 of the Notification, such person shall be liable for compensatory damages or expenses occurring in the Auction, in full amount, with the consent given to the Office to deduct from the Auction guarantee.

In the event that a Winning Bidder fails to comply with the conditions precedent correctly and fully within the required period before License granting, such Winning Bidder shall be considered waiving the right to obtain the 1800 MHz Spectrum License according to the Notification and the Commission reserves the right to forfeit the Auction guarantee.

Clause 6 Report of breach of the consent letter

A person who reports the incidents, provides clues, facts, information or performs any manner to deliver or bring about evidence which is useful to investigate the breach of consent letter, the personal information of such person including the source of information shall be protected.

Clause 7 Manipulation of information

Any person who has access to information according to this consent letter and any other nonpublic information obtaining through the participation of the 1800 MHz Spectrum License Auction shall be prohibited from using such information or disclosing it to others directly or indirectly, regardless of whether for his own interest or others' interest.

Clause 8 Acknowledgement and acceptance of the consent letter

The Applicant for the 1800 MHz Spectrum License who sign in this consent letter shall be deemed as having acknowledgement and acceptance in the requirements of this consent letter.

Signature	Authorized person acting for the corporate (1 st Person)
()
Date/Month/Year	

Signature	Authorized person acting for the corporate (2 nd Person)
()
Date/Month/Year	

Signature	Authorized person acting for the corporate (3 rd Person)
()
Date/Month/Year	



Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz

Form 6: Letter of Bank Guarantee

No Date

 We, ______(name of issuing bank) ______, with office located at No. _______ Road

 Sub-district/Khwaeng ________ District/Khet _______, as an authorized

 Province _______ by _______, as an authorized

 person acting for the Bank, hereby issue this Letter of Guarantee to the Office of the National

 Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission, hereinafter referred to as 'the Office', as follows:

1. Whereas [_____name of the juristic entity wining the bid______], hereinafter referred to as "the Winning Bidder and/or the Licensee," in accordance with the Notification of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission regarding Criteria and Procedure for Spectrum Licensing for Telecommunications Service in the Frequency Band of 1800 MHz;

2. In the event that the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission extends the time for payment of the 1800 MHz spectrum auction fee, it shall be deemed that we duly agree thereto.

3. We shall not in any case whatsoever revoke the guarantee provided herein.

In witness whereof, we have hereunder affixed our seal and signature.

(Signature)	Guarantor
()
Title	
(Signature)	Witness
()
Title	
(Signature)	Witness
- (
Title	

Annex B

License Conditions for Type Three Telecommunications Business Operation; General Conditions and Specific Conditions for Telecommunications Business with Its Own Network



Licensing Conditions

Type Three Telecommunications Business License

Issued For

Company

License No.

Date of Issue

Date of Expiry

Licensing Conditions Type Three Telecommunications Business License

Chapter 1	General Conditions
Clause 1	Definitions
Clause 2	Qualifications of Licensee
Clause 3	License Term and Renewal of License
Clause 4	Scope of Licensing
Clause 5	Addition, Expansion of Scope of Licensing, Suspension or Termination, Dissolution of Business Operation, and Change of Business Plan
Clause 6	Expansion, Improvement, Modification or Addition to the Scope of Service Area
Clause 7	Fees and Payment of Fees in Telecommunications Business Operation
Clause 8	Fee and Tariff in Telecommunications Business
Clause 9	Accounting and Cost Accounting for Telecommunications Business
Clause 10	Telecommunications Resources
Clause 11	Competition Measures
Clause 12	Protection of Service User and the People
Clause 13	Right of Privacy, Personal Data and Freedom to Communicate by Means of Telecommunications
Clause 14	Provision of Special Service
Clause 15	Emergency and Disaster
Clause 16	Compliance with International Regulations or Agreements
Clause 17	Announcement of Transaction or Disclosure of Information
Clause 18	Submission of Report or Presentation of Documents
Clause 19	Verification Power, Requirements on Provision of Information
Clause 20	Sending of Documents, Orders or Notices
Clause 21	Change of Licensing Conditions
Clause 22	Fine, Suspension and Revocation of License
Clause 23	Termination of Licensing
Clause 24	Post-Licensing Measure
Clause 25	Settlement of Dispute

Chapter 2	Specific Conditions for Operator Who Operates with His/Her Own Network
Clause 26	Universal Service Obligation for Basic Telecommunications Services
Clause 27	Use and Interconnection of Telecommunications Networks
Clause 28	Metering Accuracy
Clause 29	Standard of Telecommunications Equipment and Device
Clause 30	Information and Plan of Telecommunications Network
Clause 31	Network Location
Clause 32	Use of the Right to Set Up or Erect Poles, Lay Lines or Place Ducts or to Install Associated Equipment
Clause 33	Management and Fund Mobilization under Business Plan
Chapter 2	Specific Conditions for Licensee

- Clause 34 Provision of Wholesale and Resale Services
- Clause 35 Telecommunications Network Modification Plan and Contingency Plan in Case of Network Disruption

Appendices

Appendix A	Nature and Category of Type-Three Telecommunications Business
Appendix B	Service Period and Service Area
Appendix C	Network Configuration
Appendix D	Allocated/Licensed Telecommunications Resources
Appendix E	Business Plan
Appendix F	Service Standard and Quality (Network Security Plan and Reliability Plan and User Protection)
Appendix G	Emergency and Disaster
Appendix H	Details of Equipments Used According to the Nature and Category of Licensed Telecommunications Business

Licensing Conditions Type Three Telecommunications Business License

To ensure compliance with the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001), it is deemed expedient to issue the Type Three Telecommunications Business License, License No. ____

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ID No.	, located at	for
the operation (of telecommunications husiness	

the operation of telecommunications business.

The licensing for the licensee as well as the conditions and criteria prescribed by the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission for the licensing according to the nature and categories of a particular business shall be the rights and duties exclusively of the licensee.

Under the provisions of the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001), and the amendment to the Act on the Organization to Assign Radio Frequency and to Regulate the Broadcasting and Telecommunications Services B.E. 2553 (2010), the Radio Communications Act B.E. 2498 (1955) and the amendments thereof, including any rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or criteria specified by the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission, and future additions and alterations thereof, the licensee shall comply with the following conditions.

CHAPTER 1 General Conditions

Clause 1 Definitions

In these licensing conditions,

"Commission" means the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission.

"Office" means the Office of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission.

"Secretary-General" means the Secretary-General of the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission.

"Competent Officer" means a person appointed by the National Broadcasting and Telecommunications Commission to ensure compliance with the conditions.

"License" means the license to operate telecommunications business according to the licensing scope of the Commission.

"Licensee" means the operator of telecommunications business who is granted license to operate telecommunications business according to the licensing scope of the Commission.

"Business Plan" means investment plan, service plan, fund raising plan or any other action plans pertaining to the operation of the licensed telecommunications business, which are approved by the Commission.

"Telecommunications resources" mean frequency, telecommunications number, transponder or those specified by the Commission.

"User data" means the first name-last name, name of juristic person, address, telecommunications number and other information which is not used for commercial purpose.

Clause 2 Qualifications of the Licensee

The licensee shall have the qualifications specified in the Telecommunications Business Act B.E. 2544 (2001) and the amendment thereof, as well as the rules, regulations, notifications,

orders or measures prescribed by the National Broadcasting Telecommunications Commission throughout the period of telecommunications service.

If the licensee is not qualified, or there is a significant change in the nature and category of service of the licensee, the Commission may adjust the type of his/or license for telecommunications service.

Clause 3 License Term and Renewal of License

This license is valid for _____year(s) commencing from ______ onwards.

The licensee shall start providing the service within two years from the date on which he/she is granted license according to the service and investment plans, and report the operational performance on a monthly basis until the service is provided, except that it is necessary for the licensee to request an extension of the service commencement period, in this regard, the licensee shall inform the Commission of the reason of such necessity and set out the period of extension prior to the expiration of the service commencement period.

The term of license for additional nature and category of telecommunications business shall be in accordance with the term and conditions specified by the Commission.

The licensee who wishes to continue the operation shall apply for the renewal of license no later than thirty days prior to the expiration date of the license and in accordance with the rules, procedures, processes and period specified by the Commission.

Clause 4 Scope of Licensing

The licensee is allowed to provide telecommunications service for the general public by using his/her own network according to the nature and category of telecommunications business (Appendix A), service period and service area (Appendix B), network configuration (Appendix C), telecommunications resources (Appendix D), and business plan (Appendix E) approved by the Commission and stated herein.

In case the operation of telecommunications business has the nature or is of the type that requires the use of telecommunications resources, the licensee shall be granted permission to use the telecommunications resources by the Commission, and shall operate the business by himself/herself, except for necessary and suitable case where the Commission may permit or require the transfer of the rights, in whole or in part, or allow other parties to jointly use such telecommunications resources. This, however, shall be in accordance with the rules, regulations and procedures set out by the Commission.

Clause 5 Addition, Expansion of Scope of Licensing, Suspension or Termination, Dissolution of Business, and Change of Business Plan

In case of any addition to the nature or type of service other than those licensed under these conditions, the licensee shall inform the Commission for consideration, and submit all the details requested by the Commission, as well as pay additional fee as specified by the Commission.

In the event that the licensee wishes to suspend or terminate the service provision, either in whole or in part, the licensee shall be given permission by the Commission according to the criteria and methods specified by the Commission before taking action.

To protect the public interest in receiving uninterrupted telecommunications service, if the licensee intends to dissolve the business during the license term, he/she shall inform the Commission in advance at least one year, and shall comply with the conditions prescribed by the Commission prior to the dissolution of business. Change of the business plan that leads to significant alterations of the telecommunications business operation of the licensee from the investment plan and the service plan approved by the Commission shall be proposed for consideration and approval of the Commission before taking action.

Clause 6 Expansion, Improvement, Modification or Addition to the Scope of Service area

In the case where the licensee wishes to expand, adjust, change or add the scope of service area, an application shall be submitted to the Commission for consideration and approval not less than ninety days before taking action. In this regard, the licensee shall file with the Commission supporting documents stating clearly the scope and area to be expanded, adjusted, changed or added to support the consideration.

The Commission may allow the licensee to expand, adjust, change or add the scope of service area, taking into account the reason and necessity, whether the expansion of the service area will be of public interest, or does not pose the restrictions to fair competition, or is in accordance with the criteria formulated by the Commission, and the licensee shall pay additional fees as specified by the Commission.

Clause 7 Fees and Payment of Fees in Telecommunications Business Operation

The licensee shall manage to pay the business license fee, spectrum license fee (if any), spectrum fee (if any), numbering fee (if any) and other fees at the rate, criteria and procedures prescribed by the Commission. Upon the lapse of such period, the licensee fails to make payment or the payment is not complete, he/she shall pay the deficit as well as the increment (if any) and penalty within fifteen days from the date the notice is received, or from the end of the relaxation period granted by the Commission in all regardless of any cases. In this regard, the Commission may waive the fees or extend the payment period according to the necessity and the appropriateness, and reserves the right to alter the rates of fees.

In the event that the licensee refuses to pay or is in default of fee payment within the period in paragraph one, he/she shall be deemed in breach of the licensing conditions.

Clause 8 Fees and Tariff in Telecommunications Business

The licensee shall set the fee and tariff at the same rate for the same nature or type of services. It is also required to treat the users, other licensees or telecommunications operators in a manner that is fair and does not discriminate, differentiate, obstruct, or restrict free competition.

The setting and change of the fees or service fees shall be in accordance with the notification of the National Telecommunications Commission regarding the maximum rate of tariff and collection of advance payment in telecommunications business, and the related rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any other criteria specified by the Commission.

Clause 9 Accounting and Cost Accounting for Telecommunications Business

The licensee shall have the duty to prepare the accounts presenting the actual operational performance and financial position in accordance with the accounting standards of the professional institute approved by concerned government agency, and additional requirements determined by the Commission.

The licensee shall have the duty to present the information on the accounting methods currently in use, which should contain detailed information on the accounting structure, accounting system, accounting records, forms, procedure and accounts processing method of the licensee, or any other details that the Commission may additionally require, within ninety days from the date of receiving these conditions. The licensee shall appoint the auditor to perform an audit and express his/her opinion on the accounting of the licensee. Such auditor shall not be a director, staff or employee of the licensee. However, the appointed auditor must be approved by the regulatory body under the law to perform an audit, or be granted approval by the Commission.

The licensee shall submit the audited accounts for the year together with the opinion of the auditor appointed by the Commission. The process shall be completed within one month counting from the date of approval from the general meeting of shareholders, but not exceeding five months from the end of such accounting period, unless otherwise notified by the Commission.

Clause 10 Telecommunications Resources

The licensee shall comply with the rules, regulations, announcements or orders pertaining to telecommunications resources specified by the Commission.

For the use of telecommunications resources, the licensee shall be entitled to use and comply with the criteria and licensing conditions solely of the Commission.

If the telecommunications business operation of the licensee requires the use of radiofrequency spectrum, and such use of radio-frequency spectrum has caused interference to other existing licensed communication networks, the licensee shall immediately fix the interference or suspend the operation, and have the duty to give cooperation and provide the Commission with related and necessary information for negotiation and coordination on the use of radio-frequency spectrum between the licensee and other licensees, or other users of radio-frequency spectrum, or users of overseas radio-frequency spectrum.

With regard to the examination and evaluation of the use of telecommunications resources, the competent officer appointed by the Commission shall be empowered to examine the use of telecommunications resources of the licensee. If it appears that any telecommunications resources are unused or the use is inefficient, the Commission shall have the power to reclaim such telecommunications resources. In this regard, the licensee shall not demand any damages from the Commission.

The telecommunications resources allocated and licensed by the Commission shall be exclusive for the licensee, unless otherwise specified by the Commission. The licensee shall also use the allocated telecommunications resources to make them worthwhile for the best interest as prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 11 Competition Measures

The licensee shall not commit any act that leads to monopoly, or reduction, or restriction of competition in supplying the telecommunications service, either in the matters of cross-subsidization, cross-holding in the same category of service, abuse of dominant power, anti-competitive behavior, or protection of small-sized operators.

The licensee shall comply with the notification of the National Telecommunications Commission regarding measures preventing any act that leads to monopoly or unfairness in the competition of telecommunications business, and the related rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any other criteria prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 12 Protection of User and the People

The licensee shall comply with the laws and rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria prescribed by the Commission in relation to the user and public protection, service and quality standard (Appendix F) and those set up by other agencies concerning with the user or consumer protection to the extent that is contradictory to or inconsistent with the authority of the Commission and this specific condition.

Clause 13 Right of Privacy, Personal Data and Freedom to Communicate by Means of Telecommunications

The licensee shall respect and protect the rights by providing the criteria and taking necessary and appropriate measures to protect the user in term of personal data, privacy right and freedom to communicate by means of telecommunications under the criteria provided by the law and measures prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 14 Provision of Special Service

The licensee shall provide the emergency and disaster alert service to receive such information and further inform the concerned agencies to ensure the safety of lives and properties of people.

The licensee shall provide the user data service in order to provide the data of users of telecommunications numbers or services for any public interest as specified by the Commission.

The service provision under paragraphs one and two of the licensee shall not lead to collection of any fees or tariff from the user.

Clause 15 Emergency and Disaster

The licensee shall abide by the rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria notified by the Commission, and the conditions relating to emergency and disaster (Appendix G) to remedy the emergency and disaster strictly and promptly.

When the situation has returned to normal, the licensee shall have the duty to examine the service and system to ensure compliance with the standards, and to report the Commission within fourteen days from the date on which the situation has returned to normal. In this regard, the Commission may extend the period according to the necessity and appropriateness.

If there is any damage to the telecommunications network or device which, as proved by the licensee, is caused by the compliance with the order of the Commission, the licensee shall file a written motion and the cause of damage with the Commission for consideration of paying compensation for such damage. The licensee shall file the motion and supporting evidences within thirty days from the date on which such damage is discovered. However, the Commission may extend the period according to the necessity and appropriateness.

Clause 16 Compliance with International Regulations or Agreements

The licensee shall have duty to follow up the change of international regulations or agreements that take or may take effect in Thailand and may impact the operation of telecommunications business in Thailand, and to adjust the operation of the telecommunications business to ensure compliance with the criteria prescribed by the Commission.

The licensee shall comply with the related regulations of the International Telecommunications Union (ITU) and necessary recommendations for the supply of service. The licensee shall also agree to bear all the costs incurring from the compliance of such regulations, unless otherwise specified by the Commission.

The Commission may give the opportunity for the licensee to express his/her opinion on the negotiation regarding the international regulations or agreements that will take effect in Thailand and may impact the operation of the local telecommunications business according to the appropriateness.

The entering into any contract or agreement relating to telecommunications business operation with foreign government, international organization, natural person or juristic person residing in a foreign country shall be in accordance with the notification of the Commission regarding the application for approval of the contract relating to the operation of telecommunications business with foreign government, international organization, natural person or juristic person residing in a foreign country, and the related rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 17 Announcement of Transactions or Disclosure of Information

The licensee shall announce the transactions or disclose to the general public any information relating to the service herein licensed, e.g. nature and category of service, service details, rate of tariff, service contract and other conditions approved by the Commission.

The announcement of such transactions or information shall be displayed at a conspicuous place in the office of the licensee or any other places that facilitate verification. A report together with a copy of the announcement of such transaction or disclosed information shall be submitted to the Office as prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 18 Submission of Report or Presentation of Documents

The Office may require that the licensee shall submit the report or present any documents according to the period or from time to time, and prepare the statement to explain or expand the contents thereof which, however, shall be in accordance with the criteria and period specified by the Commission.

The licensee shall have the duty to prepare the business plan for submission to the Commission within a period of not less than six months before the end of the existing period, as well as to prepare report on evaluation of the previous business plan for consideration and permission by the Commission before taking action.

In the event that there is any modification, change, addition or reduction of the business plan that has significant effect on the targets of the service supply, the licensee shall have the duty to inform the Commission for consideration and approval prior to taking action.

In case of any situations such as economic crisis, a severe change in the baht situation, which may affect or affect the performance, the business operation, or the user, the licensee shall report the information, problem solving guidelines and assessment of the impacts to the Office immediately.

The licensee shall prepare the report and document submitted or presented, or the statements for explanation or expansion of the contents under paragraph one completely and truthfully.

In this regard, the document or any information of the licensee to be sent to the Office shall be signed solely by the authorized signatory of the company or his/her authorized person.

Clause 19 Verification Power, Requirements on Provision of Information

The licensee shall provide convenience to the competent officer in conducting any act relating to the monitoring of the operation of telecommunications business. In order to ensure efficiency of the monitoring, the licensee shall prepare and report the information on the operation of telecommunications business, the use of telecommunications resources, and other information necessary for the monitoring of telecommunications business as requested by the Commission, and shall comply with the criteria pertaining to the verification and reporting of the telecommunications business operation as prescribed by the Commission.

In this regard, the document or any information of the licensee to be sent to the Office shall be signed solely by the authorized signatory of the company or his/her authorized person.

Clause 20 Sending of Document, Order or Notice

The Commission or the Secretary-General will send the document, order or any notice to the licensee by reply mail, or registered mail, or by hand, or by any other method, except for emergency case where an electronic mail or facsimile may be sent, and the documents shall be sent for confirmation within seven days from the date of such electronic mail or facsimile.

Clause 21 Change of Licensing Conditions

The Commission may change these licensing conditions according to the appropriateness or necessity and in case there is a vital ground to protect public interest, or a change in law or circumstance. In this regard, the licensee shall have no right to claim for any damages from the Commission.

The licensee may apply for the change of these licensing conditions by proposing to the Commission the condition to be changed together with the reason. Upon consideration and approval of such change of condition by the Commission, the approved licensing condition shall be a part of these licensing conditions. Nevertheless, all the duties and responsibilities arising from any damage caused by the change of these licensing conditions shall be a burden of the licensee.

Clause 22 Fine, Suspension and Revocation of License

In the event that the licensee violates or fails to comply with the laws governing the operation of telecommunications business, the rules, regulations, notifications, orders, or measures relating thereto specified by the Commission, and the licensing conditions, the Secretary-General shall have the power to order the licensee to terminate such violation, or to correct, or to act in appropriate manner within a period specified in the order.

The licensee shall have the right to appeal against such order of the Commission within fifteen days as from the date of receiving such order. In this regard, the appeal shall not lead to relaxation of enforcement of the order of the Secretary-General, and the decision of the Commission shall be final.

In case the licensee does not comply with the order or final decision under paragraphs one and two, the Secretary-General will give notice and stipulate administrative fine under the law on administration procedure. In the case where the licensee has taken no action in compliance with the order within the specified period, or in the case of serious damage to the public interest as viewed by the Commission, the Commission shall have the power to suspend or revoke the license according to the criteria prescribed by the Commission. The licensee shall have no right to claim for any damages from the Commission.

Clause 23 Termination of Licensing

The licensing shall be terminated in the following cases:

- (1) termination as per Clause 3 and Clause 22;
- (2) lack of qualifications of the licensee as per Clause 2;
- (3) intention to terminate the service of the licensee;
- (4) necessity for maintaining national security, public interest or protection of peace and morality of people;
- (5) dissolution of business or liquidation of the licensee;
- (6) negligence of the licensee to comply with the order of the Commission and the Secretary-General without reasonable ground; and
- (7) any other cases deemed appropriate by the Commission.

Any damage incurred from the termination of the licensing under this Clause shall fall on the licensee.

Clause 24 Post-Licensing Measure

The licensee shall have the duty to provide remedy measures for effects on the user after termination of the licensing, including in the case of suspension or termination of service, either in whole or in part, and dissolution of business operation.

Clause 25 Settlement of Dispute

In the case where the licensee is unable to reach the agreement with other licensees in term of compliance with these conditions, a party may propose the issue of dispute to the Commission to give the final judgment, which shall have binding effects on all parties.

CHAPTER 2

Specific Conditions for Operator Who Operates with His/Her Own Network

Clause 26 Universal Service Obligation for Basic Telecommunications Services

The licensee shall comply with the Commission's Notification Regarding the Criteria and Procedure for Revenue Collection to Fund the Provision of Universal Basic Telecommunications Services and Social Services, and related rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 27 Use and Interconnection of Telecommunications Networks

The licensee shall conform to the notification of the National Telecommunications Commission regarding the use and interconnection of telecommunications networks and the rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria of the Commission pertaining to the use and interconnection of telecommunications networks and disclosure of the agreement on the use and interconnection of telecommunications services between the licensee and the user. The licensee shall also interconnect with telecommunications network of other licensee in a manner that is fair and does not discriminate, differentiate, obstruct, or restrict the use and interconnection of telecommunications networks

Clause 28 Metering Accuracy

The licensee shall provide metering equipment for e.g. period, number of times, data volume for the licensed telecommunications service, and guarantee of the accuracy and reliability of the equipment on a regular basis.

Upon written request by the Commission or when the period specified by the Commission is due, the licensee shall arrange the test and calibration of metering equipment to ensure accuracy, reliability and conformity with international standard. The licensee shall send the result of such test and calibration to the Commission within fourteen days from the date of receiving the result thereof.

The licensee shall, upon written request from the Commission, immediately record in writing details of the metering equipment used in the service according to the form prescribed and given by the Commission.

Clause 29 Standard of Telecommunications Equipment and Device

The device used in telecommunications network, telecommunications equipment and device used in telecommunications business (Appendix G) for the supply of service according to the nature and category of licensed telecommunications business shall be in accordance with the network configuration (Appendix C), technical standard, and may be tested and certified conformity with the standard prior to application as required by the Commission.

The licensee shall maintain, repair and modify his/her telecommunications equipment and device to ensure normal operating condition and supply of telecommunications service, and shall provide spare equipment and device for use as substitute to prevent restrictions in supplying the service. The licensee shall also comply with the related rules, regulations, notifications or orders of the Commission.

The licensee shall allow the Commission or the person assigned by the Commission to perform the test on conformity to the technical standard, or the application, or the operation of telecommunications network, equipment and device used in the operation of telecommunications business.

Clause 30 Information and Plan of Telecommunications Network

The licensee shall prepare the installation plan for telecommunications network, telecommunications equipment and device used in the licensed telecommunications business including operating systems, signal sending-receiving system and data related to telecommunications network in accordance with the standard technology specified by the Commission.

The licensee, before receiving these conditions, shall report information on the existing installation plan for telecommunications network to the Commission or the competent officer within a period of thirty days counting from the date of receiving these conditions.

With regard to expansion of telecommunications network, the licensee shall expressly prepare and propose the information and operational plan to the Commission for consideration and approval prior to taking action. The Commission shall complete the consideration within sixty days from the date on which the information and operational plan is fully received from the licensee.

The Commission may disclose the information under paragraph two, unless the disclosure thereof may affect the competitiveness, business operation, and finance of the licensee, the Commission shall inform the licensee in advance for raising objection against the Commission within the period specified by the Commission.

In case of dispute over the disclosure of information under paragraph three, the licensee shall hand over the issue for settlement by the Commission.

Clause 31 Network Location

To install telecommunications network over the ownership of land such as on the surface, above the surface, atmosphere, outer space, surface of the ground, and surface of the water, the licensee shall comply with the related rules, regulations, notifications, orders or measures prescribed by the Commission.

The licensee, before receiving these conditions, shall report information on the network location to the Commission or the competent officer within a period of thirty days counting from the date of receiving these conditions.

To expand telecommunications network, the licensee shall prepare and propose the information and the map of network location to the Commission for consideration and approval prior to taking action. The Commission shall complete the consideration within sixty days from the date on which the information and operational plan is fully received from the licensee.

For installation of additional networks, modification that may lead to a replacement that causes significant disruption to the operation or the supply of telecommunications service, the licensee shall provide other routes for parties that may be affected before modification of network.

In case of change to the telecommunications network which affects the use or interconnection, the licensee shall for not less than six months in advance notify the Commission and publicly announce the said change before taking action.

Clause 32 Use of the Right to Set Up or Erect Poles, Lay Lines or Place Ducts or to Install Associated Equipment

The licensee shall be entitled to set up, or erect poles, lay lines, place ducts or install device for the supply of telecommunications service, and comply with the laws, rules, regulations, notifications, orders or measures prescribed by the Commission or relevant agencies.

The licensee shall prepare the summary of information and copy of the contract or agreement relating to the operation under paragraph one that remains in effect on the date of receiving this license and thereafter for sending as requested by the Commission or the competent officer within the specified period.

Clause 33 Management and Fund Mobilization under Business Plan

The licensee shall operate to accomplish the objectives according to the business plan approved by the Commission. In the event that the licensee is unable to operate in line with the business plan, he/she shall explain the reason and solution guidelines as well as the evaluation of effects according to the criteria prescribed by the Commission.

The licensee shall manage to procure or mobilize funds and make investment under the conditions, time clause and amount to ensure compliance with the business plan approved by the Commission.

The licensee shall report to the Commission the progress together with problems, obstacles and guidelines of prevention and solution to fund mobilization problems for operations under the business plan on a quarterly basis.

CHAPTER 3 Specific Conditions for Licensee

Clause 34 Provision of Wholesale and Resale Services

In the case where the Licensee provides any services, under its license scope, with the nature of wholesale or resale service as prescribed in the National Telecommunications Commission's Notification Regarding the Telecommunications Service Provision in the Nature of Wholesale Service and Retail Service, the Licensee shall strictly comply with criteria and conditions set forth in the said Notification, and related rules, regulations, notifications, orders, requirements or any criteria prescribed by the Commission.

Clause 35 Telecommunications Network Modification Plan and Contingency Plan in Case of Network Disruption

The Licensee shall report telecommunications network modification plan which may significantly affect service provision of the Licensee, as well as contingency plan in case of network disruption and appropriate remedy measures for the users to the Commission's consideration at least 30 days prior to such operation. In the regard, the Commission may specify additional conditions to be complied by the Licensee.

In proceeding with the operation in paragraph one, the Licensee shall have a duty to notify his/her users that may be affected by such operation at least 3 days prior to such operation. The Licensee is allowed to notify the users by mean of SMS or e-mail.

In the case there is any event that the Licensee cannot provide the service as usual which is result from the above-mentioned operation, the Licensee shall immediately notify the Commission in writing together with the submission of preliminary report regarding the operation result within 3 days as from the date of such event. In the case that the disruption causes the Licensee unable to provide the service more than 30 minutes, the Licensee shall publicly inform the general public of such disruption.

The Licensee shall have a duty to submit a final report to the Commission within 30 days as from the date the service has returned to normal. The final report shall contain at least information regarding cause of the problem, the users that were affected from the operation, period of time that was affected from the operation and the implementation result of the remedy measure.

The person who has been granted authorization, concession or contract in accordance with Section 80 of the Telecommunications Business Act, B.E. 2544 (2001) shall have the same duty to comply with this condition as the Licensee